

Vulcan Advocate

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THE VULCAN ADVOCATE, February 28, 1917

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LOCAL ITEMS OF INTEREST

A fancy dress calico ball will be held in the Frankburg hall on Friday evening, March 2nd. Proceeds will be devoted to the Red Cross fund, and a good time is in store for those participating.

We regret to report the death of John Stuart, the 52 day old son of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. McPherson who died on Monday, death being due to bronco-pneumonia. The child had been ill for 13 days. The funeral will take place today at the Highland cemetery, the Rev. A. R. Schrag officiating.

Meet your friends at Buck and Howson's Saturday and Monday.

Inside real estate in Calgary is in demand, as evidenced by the sale of the Burns Block at the corner of Eighth Avenue and Centre street, to the Canadian Bank of Commerce for \$150,000. It is the intention of the bank to erect a modern building on the site at a future date.

There are a number of auction sales billed to take place in the near future, the first of which will be at the Palace Livery barn on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Elves, of Lomond, motored over to Vulcan yesterday. Mrs. Elves left for Cayley on the evening train.

Come and see our new store. Agents for Shelly's Fourx wrapped bread. Home made candy. Elite Confectionery next to Buck and Howson.

The lecture "Across Canada" given by the Rev. A. R. Schrag in the Masonic Hall on Monday evening was well attended. Some splendid slides illustrative of the cities and scenery of Canada from coast to coast were shown, which were most enjoyable as well as instructive. Mr. Schrag proposes to give his next lecture around Easter time, the subject of which will be the Ober-Ammergau Passion Play.

C. H. Nelson was a visitor to Calgary on Wednesday.

Lee Christianson left on Monday for Duchess, Alberta.

Mrs. R. D. Stowell was a visitor to Calgary last Wednesday.

Three men, all residents of Carmangay, and on the same day had broken arms, the result of backfiring while cranking their cars. Saturday not Friday, was the fateful day.

The Vulcan Co-operative company will ship hogs on Wednesday, March 7th.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Gardner and family returned last week end from their trip to Hastings, Okla., and Otis, Colorado.

Miss Huffman returned yesterday from her visit to the States. The semi-annual Presbytery of the Presbyterian church is being held today at Claresholm.

Word has been received by J. A. Shields, Okotoks, that his son, George Shields who was wounded at the beginning of this month, received severe wounds in the shoulder and leg.

Mr. George McQueen is going to build a residence on Atlantic Avenue as soon as the weather moderates. The severe weather of the past week has brought building operations to a standstill.

The premises of the Elite confectionery, next door to Messrs. Buck and Howson are finished and Mr. G. L. Jacques has got them fitted up in first class shape for his business.

The weather during the past week has been cold and fine with the thermometer down to 20 below zero on one or two nights. There was a slight fall of snow at the weekend, but no wind, and the days have been bright, sunshine practically all the time.

Empress is not a very large place, but it made a big record last week. This was in convictions for violations of the gambling and liquor acts. One was penalized for keeping a disorderly house, and another for running a gambling house; sixteen frequenters were also fined. In all, there were 21 convictions.

Born. To Mr. and Mrs. E. Syngue on Wednesday February 28th, a son.

Miss A. Patteson was a visitor to Calgary for a few days last week.

RED CROSS SCHEDULE

The following is the schedule of the sewing meetings of the Red Cross society for the months of March and April:

March 7th, Mrs. R. E. Dodds; 14th, Mrs. C. E. Henry; 21st, Mrs. R. K. B. Knowles; 28th, Mrs. D. C. Jones; April 4th, Mrs. Lawrence; 11th, Mrs. H. W. Reeves; 18th, Mrs. A. Mitchell; 25th, Mrs. W. F. Jennejohn.

The committee are anxious that all ladies who wish to help may do so, and a hearty invitation is extended to all ladies who have not yet joined up in the work. There is much to do, and all help will be appreciated at this time where there cannot be too much assistance given to so worthy a cause. Ladies wishing to join will be welcomed at any of the above meetings.

ADDED TO NATIONAL ANTHEM

Two following verses, which have been added to the National Anthem, are to be added to the hymn books in use in Vulcan, and we have been requested by the Rev. A. R. Schrag to give them publicity through these columns. They are particularly appropriate not only because of the sons of Canada who have gone to the front, but also because of the more silent yet equally valuable work that is being done within the Dominion for the Empire.

God save our splendid men,
Send them safe home again,
God save our men!
Keep them victorious,
Patient and chivalrous,
They are so dear to us,
God save our men!

Our loved Dominion bless,
With peace and happiness,
From shore to shore!
And may our Empire be
United, loyal, free,
True to herself and thee
For evermore!

ARMADA NEWS

Mr. and Mrs. Oakland have gone away for a short visit.

Mr. Olmstead and family have arrived from Michigan.

We believe one of the farmers of this district has solved the hired help problem.

Mr. Chase and Mr. Saunders are cutting ice these days.

The Sunday School is progressing famously.

The U.F.A. will meet on Saturday next February 24. We need your help, come out.

Miss B. Taylor of Kinondale is at Mr. G. B. Craines. M. Snyder had the pleasure of escorting said young lady from home to the Armada district.

The people living west of Armada township are anxious to have a petition filled to be sent to the council of Marquis Municipality asking them to put a road through to township, 1 mile north of the township line. The petition is at the store.

WILL HELP HORSEMEN

The federal government will assist all horse breeders by returning 40 per cent of the service fee to the breeders, on condition that a club of twelve or more members is formed, announced secretary Harry M. Robinson at a recent meeting of the Canadian Hackney Horse Society in Toronto. This privilege has heretofore been extended to thoroughbreds, but it has now been extended to take in all classes.

RED CROSS CONCERT

A concert in aid of the Red Cross will be given at the opera house tomorrow, Thursday evening by Pte. Peat and Trooper Jerrett.

The feature of the evening will be the story of Pte. Peat, who went to the war with the first Canadian contingent. He will tell of his thrilling experiences while fighting in France and Belgium, during which he lay on the battlefield for two days with a German explosive bullet through his lung and shoulder. His recital is one of the best told by the returned soldier and should not be missed. Many local people who have heard him speak very highly of him.

Trooper Jerrett, was a well known entertainer in the old country. The price of admission is only 50c, children half price. The entertainment will be followed by a dance if those present desire it.

BASEBALL DANCE IS POSTPONED

The executive of the baseball club have been obliged to change the date of their dance, which was announced in last week's issue for March 2nd. The new date is Wednesday, March 7th.

MARRIED MEN WIN OUT

The trial of strength between the married and the single men at a game of hockey last Thursday evening came out in favour of the married men, who secured the decision by a final score of two goals to one. The night was rather too cold save for enthusiasts and there was not a great crowd present.

Although the game was not fast, save for the first few minutes when the majority of the players found it difficult to stop themselves when once they got going, there was some good sport and the two teams heartily enjoyed the game, especially the married men, who have, they think, given another example of the good effects of matrimony.

FAX-WILSON SHOW MARCH 8

The Fax-Wilson comedy company will be at the Shimp Hall on Thursday, March 8th. This popular entertainment has visited the town before. Tickets are to be had at the H. C. Jacques, jewellery store. A free dance will follow the show.

RED CROSS DANCE THUR., MARCH 22

The next Red Cross dance will be held on Thursday, March 22. Originally the date was arranged for March 14th, but owing to the vaudeville show, the Red Cross committee kindly allowed their dance to be postponed until the 22nd. The dance will take the form of a St. Patrick's dance. The tickets will be sold at \$1.50 and the ladies of the Red Cross will supply the supper.

The junior members of the curling club were to have gone to High River yesterday, but the holders of the Weiser cup were visited by challengers for that trophy, and the Vulcan visit is postponed until the end of the week.

Clarence Hall is visiting his brother Clyde Hall.

HOME TALENT VAUDEVILLE SHOW MARCH 14 --TICKETS 1.00 AND 50c

Comedy, Songs, Dances, Play-let, Movies, Etc.—Tickets on Sale at All Local Stores

If you want a good laugh, if you want to hear some good vocal and instrumental music, if you like comedy, if you like to see the best moving pictures ever exhibited in Vulcan, get your pocketbook fixed to part with a dollar for grown-up folks and 50c for the kiddies, for the home talent vaudeville show that is going to take place at Vulcan on Wednesday, March 14th will fade any road show this town has ever had.

Variety is the essence of the arrangement of the programme. There will be everything from comedy drama to a troupe of coloured plantation folk. The moving picture feature is called "Dare devils of the war" showing the Russian Cossacks in action. This film was secured through the efforts of a friend of the Universal Film company's management, and in no other way could Vulcan people have the privilege of an attraction of this quality. The other film which will be shown is of a comedy nature.

In addition to the films there will be a one-act comedy entitled "Crazed," pretty chorus girls in catchy songs and dances, as well as some first class popular song selections.

Miss Agnes Johnson, who has been visiting in Wisconsin for the past two months, returned home last Wednesday.

Mrs. A. F. Vanskiver, who has been visiting friends in Claresholm, returned to Vulcan yesterday.

Mr. G. E. Jacques returned to Calgary on the Monday evening's train.

Mrs. J. Todd, of Myrtle, Ontario, arrived in Vulcan last evening on a visit to her sons. She was accompanied from Calgary by her son George Todd.

L.U.B.A. CLUB FORMED

Last Friday evening Mrs. A. R. Schrag's Sunday school class and some of their friends met at the Manse and passed a very enjoyable time. While there they decided to form a club which they have called the L. U. B. A. club. This club will meet fortnightly on Friday evenings, and all girls in the Church and congregation are invited to attend.

The officers for the ensuing year are: president Mrs. H. England; vice-pres. Miss F. Gorham; secretary Miss Graham; treasurer Miss B. Lawrence.

The next meeting will be held on Friday March 2nd at the residence of Mrs. McQueen.

IMPORTANT AUC'N SALE

Mrs. F. C. Mason has given instructions to Jack Tompson, auctioneer, of High River, to sell by public auction on Thursday the 8th of March a quantity of farm stock and implements. The sale will take place on the farm three miles south of Ensign and 6 miles west and 2 miles north of Vulcan.

The stock includes 15 head of excellent horses weighing from 1000 lbs. to 1600 lbs.; 10 milch cattle and 16 steers. All that is to be offered for sale is in first class shape and the sale will be well attended by farmers from the surrounding district.

POSSIBLE GOV'T ACTION

The budget, debate will follow immediately on the heels of the debate on the speech from the throne. The budget should be well on its way by the beginning of next week.

There is some belief expressed here that the government, once the budget is assented to and passed, may bring on prorogation without waiting to put through the various legislative measures such as rural hospitals, farm loans hotel accommodations and miners compensation. It is thought that it may close down the house, if it can, as soon as the money for the year has been voted, and not bother about putting through the legislation mentioned. In this event the government would go to the country on the proposed legislation, using it as its platform.

FARM LANDS

We have extensive listings of choice FARM LANDS for Sale
See us if you want to buy

We are in touch with buyers. List your lands with us if you want to sell

INSURANCE

We write all classes of Insurance and solicit your patronage

Flood, Whicher & Elves

Vulcan

Alberta

Order Your Trees, Shrubs, Etc. Now

I have been appointed agent in Vulcan and district for the B. C. Nurseries, which has a nursery in in Alberta. Call at my store and select your order from illustrated catalogue.

D. C. JONES

Druggist

Pharmacy

Vulcan

Temporary Premises

"Business as Usual"
—in the—

TOWN HALL

4 x Market

CHEW "PAY ROLL" TOBACCO

A BRIGHT TOBACCO OF THE FINEST QUALITY

10 CENTS PER PLUG

Conserve Modesty

Of course, when the cost of leather is soaring out of sight, that is the time when the butterflies of fashion dictate a shoe reaching half way to the knee. Better lengthen their dresses. Patriotism and modesty will both be conserved thereby. — Hamilton Spectator.

BACKACHE GONE!

"I think GIN PILLS are the best thing for the back. When I came to Canada I suffered with dreadful pains in my back, that made me quite ill. A friend gave me six of your

GinPills

FOR THE KIDNEYS

and after I had taken one dose I felt less pain. I then got myself a box and before half of it was gone I had lost all the backache.

"If any one tells me what a pain they have in their back I say 'You should try Gin Pills.'"

All druggists sell Gin Pills at 50c. a box, or 6 boxes for \$2.50. Sample free if you write to:

NATIONAL DRUG & CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED

Toronto, Ont. 77

The Squire's Sweetheart

BY

KATHARINE TYNAN

WARD, LOCK & CO., LIMITED

London, Melbourne, and Toronto

(Continued.)

"I should like a little dog; if I got him young enough, he wouldn't quarrel with the pussy. He'd let me know when people were coming. I shall be too hard at work to keep looking from behind the curtains."

He remembered the sense he had had while he waited at the door of being observed, of having eyes upon him.

"I shall send or bring you a puppy. They are Aberdeen, very faithful to their owner, indifferent to the rest of the world. Don't let the cat scratch him."

"She's a young thing yet. They'll be company for each other. Oh, sir, I don't know how to thank you. Your Aberdeen sounds good; faithful to one; indifferent to all the rest. I shall be like a queen."

She went with him to the door, remembering that she had not thanked him for this and that thing. Mrs. Brown had equipped the lodge as for one of the reduced ladies, putting into the cupboards and the pantry all that would be needed. The coal cellar was stocked. She had plenty of everything to go on with. Presently she would find her own supplies.

"What's out there, sir?" she asked of the Squire, indicating the high wall, with the chevaux de frise of sharp glass a-top.

"The village—Silverdale."

"I thought it was a village by the noise. It made me feel happy to hear it—with the wall between."

The Squire frowned upwards disapprovingly.

"It is rather a wicked wall," he said. "I am not responsible for it. I hate that glass. It was there before my time. Silverdale boys were fond of apples, like other boys. P. the way, I was about to have a wicket made in the wall. You could keep it locked if you liked. It would be so much easier for your shopping and so much less lonely."

"Oh, for heaven's sake, sir, no wicket," she said. "It would spoil everything. I love that wall."

The Squire laughed at the intensity of the speech. There was something about the woman—something pleasant which made him forget the scarred face when he was not looking at it. She had femininity, the thing, lacking which, many a pretty woman is no more than a scentless flower, without honey for the bees.

"Very well, then," he said; "there shall be no wicket. You will have to

go nearly a mile to the lodge-gates, keeping along the shrubby path by the wall. There is a little shop close by the lodge-gates, Mrs. Chitty's. She can supply you with most things you will want, without going to the village."

"Oh, thank you, sir. Think that you have made a poor creature very happy. Do you see the patch of snowdrops, sir, coming up under that apple-tree? I was thinking just before you came of all the things that would be coming up in the spring. It is a long time since I have had a spring in the country before. If only my little girl had lived, sir!"

She turned about and went in, closing the door behind her, and the Squire went on his way, wondering about Mrs. Bartlett's mystery and the sorrowful story that was apparently hers.

CHAPTER IV.—THE COUNTRY NEWS.

Hilary Strangways was at Silverthorne Manor for the Easter vacation. He had just got into the F.O., and was finding London a remarkably pleasant place. The chimney-piece of his sitting-room in the little flat in Jeremy Street held a considerable number of invitation cards. Hilary, at present, had not learned to distrust his world, and had not considered why he should be so much in demand; else he might have discovered that since Mr. Meyrick had not married he was little likely to marry now; so that Hilary was coming more and more to be accepted as the heir to Silverthorne Manor and the snug rent-roll that went with it.

Hilary might have a very gay time in London, but it had not spoiled him. Indeed, he had been popular all his days without getting spoiled. He had been a placid yet rowdy and jolly child, adored by the servants and dependents generally; he had been an ideal schoolboy, playing the game always, and with a radiant good humor that carried him through all his scrapes. No one could long resist his turned-up nose and the appeal of his clean, bright face. He exuded happiness whenever he went, and he was correspondingly loved. At the early dances which he had attended in the weeks between Christmas and Lent, he had danced indefatigably, with a delight in the dancing for its own sake; had diffused agreeableness wherever he went; had made many a wallflower happy; had pressed many hands, and looked into many eyes with a roguish kindness which prevented any harm being done. Altogether Hilary was the good guest to many a hostess in trouble about her dancing men. The season was likely to afford him more gaieties than he would know what to do with; for he found it difficult to say "No" to an invitation from a woman.

He came back to Silverthorne, as he had come back to it from Eton for all those happy summer vacations. He had been the Squire's own boy since he was eight years old; when his parents, who had sent him home from India three years previously, had been drowned by the bursting of a dam, which had ended everything for them at the moment when they were getting ready for the visit home to which they had been looking forward with a passionate anticipation.

Like the Eton boy, Hilary had been all round the house and the gardens before he was many hours at home. He had talked with everyone—kissed Mrs. Brown, while he reminded her of various misdeeds of his boyhood; whisked Caroline, the cook, who was getting very short of breath and rather cranky, into a wild dance round the kitchen; picked the best camellia in the hothouses for his button-hole, while old Sutton, the head gardener, who thought Silverthorne gardens and all they possessed his exclusive property, smiled sourly, yet smiled.

The house was always different when Hilary came home. He was incorrigibly boyish and school-boyish. While Hilary was away, the seemed somewhat suspended at the Manor House. The Squire had all the occupations of a country gentleman. He sat on various boards and benches. He was a churchwarden. He shot and hunted, and did the other things other men of his class did, even if he did them somewhat languidly to his inner consciousness. From his long devotion to a rick mother he had learnt a way of going through life soft-foot. And the companionship of a gentle little ghost like Mary Champneys, with her spiritual eyes, her cloudy hair, her wistful smile, told for quietness. Wherefore the servants were wont to complain that you never could tell whether the master was in the house or out of it; Brady, the Irish groom, would say from time to time that he'd give anything if the master'd cursed him now and again as the old Colonel used to do at home in Mayo; and the Irish horse, he felt sure, was as lonesome as himself for a bit of strong talking to.

Hilary had heard all about the accident in detail, and about Mrs. Bartlett and her occupation of the old lodge. He was insatiable for news of everybody. When it came to the Souths—Margaret had not answered his last letter, he complained—the Squire's brows took a line of pain and bewilderment. After a lull the talk about Lady South had broken out again, and worse than before. The strange gentleman, Mr. Langton, if that was his name, had reappeared on the scene, not staying this time, but coming for a few hours at a time. He and Lady South had been seen together, walking and talking in little-frequented places, with Margaret somewhere not very far off, keeping guard.

There were so few strangers at Sil-

verdale that everyone was agog to know all about one when he appeared. Lady South's visitor was a person not to be forgotten once seen—tall and dark, clean-shaven, distinguished, with a somewhat worn, handsome face. The Squire had come upon him and Lady South once in the woods, and she had introduced him nervously; there had been a perceptible pause before the name. They had spoken a few words, and the Squire had gone on, leaving the two sitting on the seat by the pond, in the damp of the winter day, Lady South's delicate skirts trailing in the sodden leaves and wet grass. She had looked miserable, poor thing, with blue shadows about her lips, her eyes bright and feverish; a hectic spot in her cheek that spoke of pain.

They had been debating something eagerly when the Squire appeared, the man apparently pleading, the woman looking down immovably at the dead leaves under her pretty shoes.

The Squire was almost certain as he moved away that Margaret eluded him, gliding quickly down a gamekeeper's path through the thick undergrowth. He might have been sure if he had wished; but he had not wished; he had walked away with a trouble in his heart. Was the poor thing being pushed over the precipice by the brutality of her wicked old husband? and was—ah, no, it was beyond thinking that Lady South could involve her young daughter in anything questionable. When he thought of Margaret's clear eyes he said to himself that no matter how things looked, he must believe that there was a sufficient and an innocent explanation.

(To Be Continued.)

"Do you drink coffee?" asked the doctor of an aged patient.

"Yes," was the reply.

"Coffee," continued the M.D., "is a slow poison."

"Yes, very slow," replied the old man. "I have taken it daily for nearly eighty years!"—Tit-Bits.

A Nasty One

She (after a tiff): I presume you would like your ring back.

He: Never mind, keep it. No other girl I know could use that ring unless she wore it on her thumb.

Not Porter-Like

"Let's see! Wasn't it Admiral Porter who said: 'Take no quarter from the enemy?'"

"Couldn't have been! Who ever heard of a porter saying such a thing?"



THE NATION'S FUTURE Depends Upon Healthy Babies

Properly reared children grow up to be strong, healthy citizens

Many diseases to which children are susceptible, first indicate their presence in the bowels. The careful mother should watch her child's bowel movements and use

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

It is a corrective for diarrhea, colic and other ailments to which children are subject especially during the teething period.

It is absolutely non-narcotic and contains neither opium, morphine nor any of their derivatives.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Makes Cheerful, Chubby Children

Soothes the fretting child during the trying period of its development and thus gives rest and relief to both child and mother.

Buy a bottle today and keep it handy

Sold by all druggists in Canada and throughout the world

Munition Work Needs Some Speeding Up

A Soldiers' Message to Munition Workers of the Empire

There are no holidays at the front. Every minute of the day and night men are risking their lives, even although the official communications may say "there is nothing to report." An appeal to Canadian munition workers to give up their usual New Year's holiday and the statement that Canadian manufacturers are far behind in the delivery of shells and other war material show how imperative is the need for still further speeding up our war industries in Canada. Even in England there is probably room for still greater effort. Workers ought not to want any holidays except those periods of rest that are necessary to keep the body at the highest point of efficiency. Flanders ought to be matched by an equal activity in the armories and maximum of human endeavor is becoming more nearly approached with every week that passes.

The English production was not made possible until the National Advisory committee on war output had as a result of wide publicity brought home to the workers the vital necessity of "more shells and still more shells." This board, of which Mr. Arthur Henderson, now a member of the war cabinet, was chairman, addressed the workers in these words: "Our munition makers are sharing in the battles as much as if their workshops were situated immediately behind the firing line, and they were personally engaged in handing the shells to the men who fire them." This is a thought that may not immediately present itself to those of the workers in the country who lack imagination; but it is a matter of exact truth. Our munition workers are as directly engaged in the fight as were the wives of the early pioneers who knelt behind their log defences and reloaded their husbands' muskets. If the ammunition stream fails, then the army must fail.

One of the pamphlets circulated by the national advisory committee has been forwarded by a friend of "The Mail and Empire." It is called "The Measure of Our Blood" and was written by a wounded soldier. When he arrived at Southampton, his head swathed in bandages, an effort was made to interview him. Instead of talking about his experiences he handed out a message which he had written on the ship. The name of the regiment with which he served and his own name were suppressed, following what we can regard as only the half-insane policy of the censorship. He said: "I don't think our chaps could have done much better if they had been at the game for 20 years. They fought hard and they fought all the time, and there was never a case of a single man hanging back for a single minute. Couldn't do more. Our worst is not better than the Bosche's; and it may be our best is no better than his best. But what I'm certain of is that our average is infinitely finer than his average, and on equal terms we can beat him all the time and go on beating him."

Then he turned to the matter of munitions, and said: "You can never eat your dinner or smoke a pipe, or read a newspaper, or go to the pictures but what, while you are getting through with it, some scores of your own countrymen are knocked out by bullets and shells." There's no reason why the public should be depressed about this. As far as the army is concerned, we're not giving away a drop of your countrymen's blood, not this year. It's all being sold, and on a good business basis. A better price it may be than it ever fetched in all the history of the Empire. So don't grieve after us. Our high commands know what they're doing, and Master Bosche's doom is set, and he knows it, and we all know it. We're doing our bit, all right. Are you? Our part of the machinery's all right, and I don't think you'll find any failure there." He expressed the view that the end of the war was largely in the hands of the British army.

The wounded soldier's message continues: "For God's sake, don't you fail us. There's a lot of blood to be sold; and so long as it's well sold on the right terms, as it has been sold in the last week, you can make your mind easy. It's good stuff, you know. Don't let it be chucked away. Everybody will know what I mean, won't he? It boils down to munitions of war. You can't send us too much. For God's sake see that you send us enough. You can measure the blood we've got to pay before it's over by the guns and shells and cartridges you send out. The more you send the less we'll have to pay. Send plenty, my countrymen, and countrywomen, send plenty. Don't you mind us. We're all right. You are all very kind to us when we come back. We've all heard all about it. I say, never mind us. Drop every other mortal thing, but for God's sake send us plenty of munitions. You can trust us to do the best. It is messages like this that ought to be given to every munition worker in Canada and everyone who might become a munition worker."

Pa Has His Doubts

He: But you say yourself that your father is anxious to get you off his hands. She: Yes; that's why I don't think he'll listen to you.

Old Gent: I hear your son is displaying great ability as a footballer, Mrs. McLusky. Mrs. McLusky: Sure, an he's hopin' to be picked for next year's team as one of the drawbacks.

An Amazing Forecast

German Writer Predicted Trend of the War, But Made a Few Mistakes

The well-known publisher, Mr. R. B. Marston, has unearthed a convincing proof of the deliberately planned policy of the German Imperial government to organize and carry out the present war before a pretext was imagined by which to set the hellish balls of fire rolling. The discovery is in a book published in 1913 entitled "The European War of 1913," the real significance of which is portrayed in the amazing resemblance to the plans for destroying the French pretensions to a re-conquest of Alsace-Lorraine and the occupation of Belgium. The quotations would occupy too much space, and this summary of one or two phases of the early stages of the war will suffice to demonstrate to the dull student of events that the Germans had everything "arranged" for, down to the capitulation of the "contemptible British army."

"The Belgian army, withdrawn to complete its mobilization mainly behind the extensive fortifications of Antwerp, was to have operated against the German right wing, but owing to the threatening attitude of the Dutch and to German demonstrations was unable to move, and the greater part of Belgium, with its capital, was in German hands. Italy having joined the Allies, Austria's task is to defeat her on land and sea, which she eventually does. Except for a temporary success in the invasion of Germany at Mulhausen, the course of the war naturally goes against France. Liege is described as being able but for a few days to withstand the battering her forts were subjected to by the modern German siege artillery. The fall of Liege left the road to Namur open, and Namur, Mannege, Mons, etc., are described as falling—much as they did fall. In a battle on the Sambre the little English army is defeated, surrounded, and has to capitulate. France is left to fight her battles on land by herself."

In one respect, the imaginative prophet-novelist fails. The British, instead of capitulating, called a gentleman of the name of Kitchener to their aid, and before he was treacherously sent to his death, he organized an army that is represented on the western front by at least two million soldiers.

Summerfallow Statistics

Taking 100 as the area under summerfallow last year, the amount of land under summerfallow in Manitoba in 1916 was 104, in Saskatchewan 103, and in Alberta 90. The figures for 1915 were 77, 71 and 74 respectively. There will obviously be a great deal more land in cultivation in Western Canada in 1917 than in 1916.

"I wrote this poem to kill 'ime." "Well, you may be sure that time will have revenge and kill the poem."

Kept Fit Through Two Wars

Ontario Sapper Praises Dr. Cassell's Tablets.

That a soldier should use and praise Dr. Cassell's Tablets is clear proof of the wonderful sustaining power of this

great strength-giving medicine! And thousands of service men on land and sea are trusting to Dr. Cassell's Tablets to sustain them through all the hardships of relentless war.

SAPPER A. HARTLEY, OF THE A. COMPANY, CANADIAN ENGINEERS, whose home address is 908, TRAPALCAR STREET, LONDON, ONTARIO, is one of many who have written in praise of Dr. Cassell's Tablets. He says: "As a constant user of Dr. Cassell's Tablets I would like to add

my testimony to their value. I used them when I was in the South African War, and, finding the benefit of them,

there, have taken them since whenever I felt run-down; I always recommend them, for I know they do all that is claimed for them. In my opinion they are the best tonic anyone can take for loss of appetite, phagocytosis of the blood, or general weakness of the system. We have had a lot of hard training here, and some time ago I began to feel the strain, but I got some Dr. Cassell's Tablets, and the boys are surprised at what a difference they made in me. I mean to have some with me always on active service."

Dr. Cassell's Tablets put new life and vigour into weak, overstrained people. They nourish the nerves, enrich the blood, strengthen the general system, and create that snap and fitness which make life a joy. Take a course of them, and health and vital energy will soon be yours.

Dr. Cassell's Tablets

FREE SAMPLE.

On receipt of 5 cents to cover mailing and packing, a generous free sample will be sent at once. Address: Harold F. Bittie & Co., Ltd., 25, McGill Street, Toronto.

Dr. Cassell's Tablets are Nutritive, Restorative, Alterative, and Anti-Spasmotic, and the recognized remedy for Nervous Breakdown, Sleeplessness, Malnutrition, Nerve Paralysis, Anemia, Wasting Diseases, Infantile Weakness, Kidney Trouble, Palpitation, Neurasthenia, Dyspepsia, and Vital Exhaustion. Especially valuable for nursing mothers and during the critical periods of life.

Sold by Druggists and Storekeepers throughout Canada. Prices: One tube, 36 cents; six tubes for the price of five. Write for 1 cent tube extra. Sole Proprietors: Dr. Cassell's Co., Ltd., Manchester, Eng.



Rheumatism

Is My Weather Prophet.

I can tell stormy weather days off by the twinges in my shoulders and knees. But here's an old friend that soon drives out the pains and aches.

Sloan's Liniment is so easy to apply, so rubbing at all, it sinks right in and fires the pain. Cleaner than many plasters and ointments. Try it for gout, lumbago, neuralgia, bruises and sprains.

At your druggist, 25c, 50c, and \$1.00.

Sloan's Liniment

KILLS PAIN

Vulcan Advocate

CHARLES CLARK PROPRIETOR
R. W. GLOVER MANAGING EDITOR

THE NEED FOR NATIONAL ECONOMY

At one time it was the sport of the more thoughtless side of our journalism to point the finger of levity, and in some cases derision, at Germany when she introduced her system of food regulations. By placing herself upon a war footing in regard to the necessities of life, anticipating the future and preparing herself for it, we were asked to believe that the hour of her doom was struck and the day of her repentance was at hand. But time has gone on since then, and although her doom may be certain, the repentance is not in evidence, nor do the Germans seem disposed to regard themselves as especially called upon to undertake the very edifying role of an atrocious example of conceit eating humble pie.

Meanwhile we have been learning our own lesson, which is the same as that of Germany. Some months ago the problem arose for the British politicians to solve, and though they tackled it in some measure it remained for the Lloyd George cabinet to open the eyes of the people of the British Isles to the danger that awaited them if due regard was not paid to the systematic conservation of food and resources. The German blockade has intensified the problem and last week Lloyd George called upon the people to make sacrifices in order that shipping might be curtailed. "If," said he, "we take drastic measures, we can cope with the submarine menace, but if the nation is not prepared to accept drastic measures—disaster is before us". Shipping must be reduced, luxuries greatly curtailed and available supplies properly husbanded. In other words, Great Britain is today enforcing regulations which the Germans saw to years ago.

What has happened in Germany and Great Britain is impersonal to us in Canada,—so far; and if we knew that the war would end within a given time there is the probability that we would not be affected in the same way. But we do not know anything about it, and it is high time that a warning note in regard to individual and national economy was sounded throughout the land. Sir Thomas White has applauded the sentiments of Lloyd George; doubtless with a view to bringing them home to us. But that is not sufficient; it will not do any good. We may be richer than ever we were before, but we are spending more and our surplus is not going in the direction which tends to help the Empire to win the war. Prices are advancing, the cost of living is going up, and investigate this as we may,—and there may appear in certain quarters examples of unscrupulous profiteering—it only tends to prove that our money is not worth as much as it was heretofore. This alone ought to give us pause and make us ask ourselves whether we have fully grasped the trend of affairs, and whether national economy is not the greatest, and at the same time the most neglected, essential of today.

WHY NOT LIGHT ON THE LEAGUE?

As stated in our last issue, one of the propagandists of the Non Party League visited certain points of the Vulcan district recently and had a measure of success interesting many, and signing up not a few who paid the necessary entrance fee. The visit, we understand, was but the forerunner of others, and is to be followed up by more extensive work here, as has been the case elsewhere.

The reception accorded to the League by the party papers has been of a mixed nature, vary-

ing from playful sarcasm to benign indulgence. As far as the public who have not come in contact with the League is concerned, the query, quite naturally is: "What is it?", and that is likely to be the query as long as the League confines itself to its present methods of spreading its gospel.

The sponsors of it may be of the opinion that silent work is the best; that sapping tactics will do more to weaken the present political strongholds than a more open method of warfare. However this may be it does not appear to be quite the method of enlisting public sympathy. There ought to be some publicity about it if only to let people know the aims of the League; to say that they are non-partisan, anti-patronage and all the rest of it is not enough. Fifty per cent of the average voters are of the same trend of thought and willing to find an improvement on the present system, but they are not going to buy a pig in a poke by pledging allegiance to a party, or rather a non-party, which forbears giving publicity to its aims and ambitions. The majority of voters today are independent or on the verge of it, willing to embrace ideas and ideals consonant with greater social freedom and advancement. Does the Non-Party League possess these? The mystery surrounding it forbids a direct answer one way or the other, but one naturally concludes that, having such a panacea for all modern ills, it is not wisdom to keep it in the dark. The League may have a greater claim upon us than we are aware of; on the other hand, it may be a very second hand affair. We cannot tell, and while it is kept so sedulously in the background there will be many misgivings.

NOTES

After a period of uncertainty the provincial government has arrived at the decision that the life of the present parliament will not be extended. For some time there has been a difference of opinion on this point among the members and the cabinet, but the final decision was arrived at on Friday. The regular term expires April 1918, and it is within the realm of possibility that the election will be held this spring or midsummer.

As a matter of policy midsummer seems the more favourable time of the two, being between seasons. In the spring the farmers are busy on the land. The record of the Sifton government, as far as legislation is concerned, is good, and many acts directly bearing upon the welfare of the public of the province have been passed, chief among them being the Womens Franchise and the Prohibition acts. The bills dealing with Rural Hospitals and Rural Credits are before the house this session.

T. B. Kidner, who has charge of the vocational training of the military hospitals commission, gave some interesting evidence before the parliamentary committee enquiring into the care of returned soldiers. One instance he gave was that out of 346 men returned to Alberta only 6 had declared their desire to go on the land. These were evidently men who were not farmers, as in answer to a question, Mr. Kidner replied that he did not know how many had gone back to the land who were farmers before enlisting.

This evidence of the unwillingness of the returned soldier to take up the calling of farming is a rude jolt to those communists who had visions of Canada dotted here and there with veteran centres. The answer to this seems to be that steadier wages can be obtained in cities as the result of vocational training given to the soldiers, which is immediately more appealing than life on a farm after the crowded association of the war. Or is it a want of a definite farming proposition that is wanted?

REEVES FOR SHOES

Invictus Shoes for Men
Invictus Shoes for Women
Eclipse Shoes for Children
Amherst Shoes for Boys

WORK BOOT SPECIAL

Don't buy before you see our specials. Better values than ever. Prices per pair, from

2.75 to 5.50

We are stocking our special lines at Kirkaldy

H. W. Reeves

The Churches

VULCAN PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Meets in the Oddfellows Hall every Sunday evening for divine worship at 7.30. Sabbath School and Bible Classes at 11 A. M. Minister Rev. A. B. Schrag B. D.

AUCTIONEER H. E. ELVES

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For dates phone at my expense
P. O. Box No. 51 Vulcan
AND LOMOND

Clarence Davis Auctioneer

Live Stock and Farm
Sales a Specialty
Champion, Alberta
See Arthur Mitchell & Co., Vulcan, or
Phone 204, Champion, for dates.

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Suits Made to Measure
French Dry Cleaning
VULCAN, ALBERTA

C. H. Wheeler

Painter and Paperhanger
Apply to McCrae's Boarding
House, Vulcan, Alberta

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Modern Equipment
VULCAN, ALBERTA

JACK THOMPSON AUCTIONEER

MAKE YOUR DATES WITH
FLOOD & WHIOHER
Real Estate Agents
VULCAN ALBERTA

Lodge : Directory

VULCAN LODGE No. 74, A. F. & A. M.
G. R. A. Regular meeting on the Tuesday on or before the full moon. Lodge of instruction two weeks before regular meeting. Visiting brothers welcome.
E. M. Clark, W. M.
D. C. Jones, Secretary.

I. O. O. F. SAMARITAN LODGE
No. 91, VULCAN, ALBERTA.
Lodge meets every Wednesday, at 8.00 p. m. Visiting brothers welcome.
Wm. Bowie, N. G.
W. D. Allan, Sec'y.

B. C. RESTAURANT

Ice Cream
Meals served at all hours
Ice Cream, Cigars, Tobaccos, Soft
Drinks, Candies, Fruit.
VULCAN ALBERTA

Homestead Regulations

THE sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter-section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except when residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.
W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for—84388

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For Information Regarding
Vulcan and District
Write the
Secretary of the Board of Trade
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R. W. Glover

Agent for Mason & Risch Pianos
VULCAN ALBERTA

Herbert J. Maber

Solicitor and Barrister
Vulcan Street, Vulcan, Alberta.

R. K. B. KNOWLES, M.D.

Physician and Surgeon
VULCAN ALBERTA
Phone 44

DENTISTRY

Dr. C. H. NELSON
Dentist
VULCAN ALBERTA

MICHAEL AARON

Teacher of Pianoforte
Teaches in Reid Hill every Friday and Vulcan every Saturday
Phone 46 for dates.
Calgary Studio Alexandra
Apartments

Miss Rinehart

Obstetrical Nurse
Phone Champion R 602
P. O. Kirkaldy, Alberta

PIANO VOICE CULTURE Miss Ella Gibbons

CALGARY
Will visit Vulcan every Friday and Saturday to give lessons in the above. Address enquiries to Mrs. G. McQueen, Vulcan, Alta.

TO INVESTORS

THOSE WHO, FROM TIME TO TIME, HAVE
FUNDS REQUIRING INVESTMENT
MAY PURCHASE AT PAR

DOMINION OF CANADA DEBENTURE STOCK

IN SUMS OF \$500, OR ANY MULTIPLE THEREOF

Principal repayable 1st October, 1919.

Interest payable half-yearly, 1st April and 1st October by cheque (free of exchange at any chartered Bank in Canada) at the rate of five per cent per annum from the date of purchase.

Holders of this stock will have the privilege of surrendering at par and accrued interest, as the equivalent of cash, in payment of any allotment made under any future war loan issue in Canada other than an issue of Treasury Bills or other like short date security.

Proceeds of this stock are for war purposes only.

A commission of one-quarter of one per cent will be allowed to recognized bond and stock brokers on allotments made in respect of applications for this stock which bear their stamp.

For application forms apply to the Deputy Minister of Finance, Ottawa.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, OTTAWA
OCTOBER 7th, 1916.



Quality Pianos

Mean SATISFIED CUSTOMERS

Years of experience in the application of the quality idea in Piano manufacturing have convinced local as well as world renowned pianists and musicians that Willis instruments have attained the summit of excellence and perfection in material, Design, Workmanship and Finish. TERMS MOST REASONABLE.

SPECIAL WAR PRICES NOW ON

Come in and let us tell you all about them.

B. J. KLEBE, Agent

Office: Vulcan Advocate, Vulcan, Alberta

Place your orders now for

Smut Machines Superior Fanning Mills Bull Dog Fanning Mills

Henry & Walker

Phone 33

Vulcan

Watch for the Big

Vaudeville Show

Wednesday, March 14th, 1917

Comedy, Songs, Dances, Movies, Playlet

All Seats Reserved. Get Your Tickets Early.
Adults 1.00, Children 50c. Tickets on Sale at All Stores.

AUCTION SALE

On Saturday, March 3rd, at the PALACE, LIVERY BARN, VULCAN

10 Head of Horses, Mares and Geldings; a quantity of Harness and Farm Machinery.

Anyone wishing to enter anything in this sale may do so by leaving word at the Palace Livery Barn. All stock must be on the ground 3 hours before the sale starts.

Sale Starts at 1:30.

Terms Cash.

C. C. REBBE, Auctioneer

FORESTERS WANTED AT ONCE

There are wanted at once 250 loggers, teamsters, millmen, axemen and sawyers for forestry work overseas.

Extra pay will be authorized from the time operations are begun overseas; regular pay and allowances of the C.E.F. units while mobilizing in Canada.

Relaxations from the ordinary physical standards as laid down for infantry are allowed. For full particulars and information, those interested are asked to write to the Headquarters, Forestry Company, Room 26, Alberta Block, Calgary, Alberta.

WAR LOAN A SUCCESS

The latest British war loan has been an unqualified success, and there was a scene of great enthusiasm in the House of Commons when Andrew Bonar Law, the chancellor of the exchequer, announced the result, which is by far the greatest voluntary contribution by the people of any belligerent nation.

More than £1,000,000,000 of new money, with more than 5,000,000 subscribers are the stupendous figures, which the chancellor confessed he would have thought it impossible to raise only a few days ago.

The loan has resulted in a striking victory of the Government over the financiers, since bankers had advised the treasury department that it could not be floated at less than 6 per cent. Mr. Law preferred to risk failure with a 5 per cent loan rather than place 6 per cent as the standard of the nation's credit. The most he expected was \$600,000,000.

SNAKE CREEK NEWS

The Prospect Slope school has started with Miss Cobb as teacher.

Mr. and Mrs. Owen Hickman and Mrs. Joe Myers motored to Calgary last week.

Miss Agnes King, of Edmonton, is a guest of Mrs. Alex McIntyre.

Glen Bradley who for the past few weeks has been at Blackie, has returned home.

Mr. Guengerich has sold his farm to Mr. Cotteral, of Idaho.

We are very sorry to say that the weather spoiled the dance at Sunny Glen, but hope we shall have another soon.

Mr. Messenger and Mr. John visited in Calgary this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Eli McNett, of Vulcan, are guests at Crescent Hill farm this week.

Mrs. A. W. Will made a trip to Calgary where she took her father, Mr. Stark, to the hospital. We hope he will soon recover now.

J. Tompson, auctioneer, of High River, was in town on Monday.



BUTLER'S DANCE ORCHESTRA

VULCAN. ALBERTA
Can furnish from 3 to 5 pieces, at a reasonable price.
Satisfaction Guaranteed

Murchison Bros., Gaddes & Braden Farm

Ranch and Farm Land

Write us for a list of our Farms and Ranches, or if you have a Farm to sell, advise us, and we will send you a listing blank, as we have Buyers for Improved and Unimproved Lands. Main office, 122 Ninth Ave East, Calgary, phone M1334 (next door to Empire Hotel) Branch offices at Swallow, Craigmyle, Champion and Lethbridge.

A Real Improvement

The Sitting Position You Occupy When Sewing is a Very Important Matter



Your work is directly in front of you THE "WHITE" SIT-STRATE is only one of the many Real Improvements offered in the "WHITE" You Can Have Yours Now, Just—
PAY \$1.00 EACH WEEK—SOON PAID FOR

J. WOLFE, Agent



Before buying your piano call and see me. I can save you money. I have secured the agency for the famous "Ludwig" pianos and piano players. The "Ludwig" has the simplest player action made, and cannot get out of order. It is the only player that plays the rolls in six different keys.

T. SHAW, Vulcan

Agents for the Martin Orme, New Scale Williams and Schiller Pianos.

FOR SALE—Several well broken horses and mares for sale, apply to Vulcan Advocate. B.T.L.

For Sale

A good mixed bunch of Durham Cattle by private sale. Also a few work horses, well broken.

Alberta Livery and Dray Stables

Vulcan, Alberta

PYRENE FIRE EXTINGUISHERS

Is the best insurance against fire. Used exclusively by the C.P.R. Always on hand, and won't freeze.
Price \$8.50

GEO. E. PETTMAN

Auction Sale

Horses, Cattle and Implements

The undersigned has received instructions from Mr. F. J. WALL, to sell by Public Auction, the following described property on

Mon., March 5

Sec. 2-20-24, Two miles north of Arrowwood P. O.

Sale Starts at 12 o'clock sharp

20 Head of Horses

Team sorrel mares, 10 yrs. old, 3200; Black mare, 9 yrs. wt. 1600; Bay gelding, 9 yrs. old, wt. 1450; Bay gelding, 7 yrs. old, wt. 1450; Team bay geldings, 6 yrs. old, wt. 2700; Gray mare, 7 yrs. old, wt. 1500; Bay gelding, 2 yrs. old, 1200; Grey filly, 2 yrs. old, wt. 1000; 2 fillies, 2 yrs. old; 1 yearling gelding; Four colts; Driving team, used to Children.

24 Head of Cattle

3 yearling steers, 2 yearling heifers, 9 calves, 10 head of good young Durham milch cows

Implements

Frost & Wood mower, Frost & Wood hay rake, 16-16 disc, Drag harrow, 2 wagons, democrat, 2 buggies, hay loader, cultivator, garden seeder, forge, grindstone, 1 3-4 h.p. gas engine, galloway water tank, 8-ft. McCormick binder in good repair, 20-Marker single disc Tiger drill, 20-Marker nearly new McCormick seeder, 2 2-gang plow, 14 inch, both stubble and breaker bottoms, Fanning mill.

Miscellaneous

Range, Heater, Cream Separator, 1200 Egg Incubator. All Kinds of Household Furniture, 100 Chickens, 4 Geese 5 Turkeys, 2 Ducks, 50 bushels of Potatoes, and a lot of other articles too numerous to mention.

Terms Cash Lunch Served No Reserve

A. H. Eby
Clerk

Jack Tompson
Auctioneer

ALBERTA FLOUR MILLS

LIMITED

A HOME COMPANY

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

J. E. A. MacLeod, Wm. Pearce, Geo. Lane, Seabury K. Pearce
Alex Ingraham, Thos. L. Clark, Edward E. Stevens

The Officers and the Management

J. E. A. MacLeod, Calgary, President
Wm. Pearce, Calgary, Vice-President
Seabury K. Pearce, Calgary, Secretary-Treasurer
Edward E. Stevens, formerly of Minneapolis, Gen. Manager
Alex. Ingraham, formerly of Minneapolis, Milling Engineer
Thos. L. Clark, formerly of Minneapolis, Supt. Miller

BANKERS

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What the Investor Wants to Know.

Is the industry adapted to the country's product?
Is the raw material of right quality? Is it in sufficient quantities, accessible and near at hand?
Are the railway facilities to the market good?
Is the Company organized on the right basis?
Are the men who are to manage the enterprise men of character and experience in this line of work?

Get the prospectus of the Alberta Flour Mills Limited and learn about the vital and essential points of this project.

The Western Agencies & Development Co., Ltd.

Lougheed Block, Calgary, Alberta
Fiscal Agents



"Fit Reform" MEN'S SUITS

Let us show you. We have all the latest 1917 patterns on hand and can give you a wide range from which to select. Quality for quality you will find our prices in every instance lower than any. Prices range from

18.00 to 35.00

A. G. SPOONER

Regal Shoes VULCAN Hartt Shoes

General Service Garage

Is now at your service. Warm steam heated premises. Every attention given to all work left with us.

A General Supply of Chevrolet and Reo Parts in Stock

M. D. KEHR, Manager

HORSES

Farmers wanting horses for Spring Work can not do better than see me before buying. A large quantity of good TIMOTHY HAY for sale in carload lots if required.

Agent for the Dodge Bros. Cars

Vulcan Livery Stables

R. E. DODDS, Proprietor

It Will PAY YOU to Patronise
Advocate Advertisers

You figure on the train bringing in your goods to the depot. We will figure with you to bring them to your door.

Phone 60

Alberta Dray and Transfer

J. L. SLOANE, Prop. Vulcan, Alberta

W.E. BUTCHART

Tinsmith, Steam Fitter and Plumber
Specialities of all Kinds of Heating, etc.
Estimates Submitted

Call and see your local man if you contemplate installing modern improvements.
Distance no object, and satisfaction guaranteed.
Agent for Red Jacket Pumps

Just Arrived

A large stock of of Restmore Beds, Springs and Mattresses, the best on the market.

Beds from 4.75 to 18.00
Springs from 4.25 to 9.00
Mattresses 5.50 to 20.00

IRVINGS, Ltd.

U.S. MERCHANT SHIPS TO BE ARMED

President Wilson addressed Congress on Monday of this week, and asked for authority to place the United States in a state of "armed neutrality" to resist the German submarine menace. The steps he asked to be empowered to take, when necessary, are, the arming of ships, the conveying of merchantmen by war vessels and other steps to protect the rights of the United States on the high seas.

Referring to the two American ships which had been sunk since the enlarged German blockade, he said that the blockade and its effects is substantially the same in relation to the United States as it was when last he addressed Congress on February 3rd, except that United States shipping was tied up in its own ports because of the unwillingness of the shipowners to risk their vessels without insurance or adequate protection. This has led to a congestion of shipping which is rapidly growing more serious every day. This in itself might accomplish, in effect, what the German submarine orders were meant to accomplish. The President referred to the unwillingness of other neutrals to join the United States in severing diplomatic relations with Germany.

Following the President's speech Speaker Clark, Democratic leader Kitchen, Chairman Flood of foreign relations committee, and representative Fitzgerald, chairman of appropriations committee, went into conference, after which Chairman Flood announced they would, that day, introduce a bill granting power to the President to arm ships and also giving him other authority necessary.

THE WEEK'S SUMMARY

When being tried at Boston, Mass., last week, Captain Chas. A. Polack, captain of the North German Lloyd steamship Kronprinzessin, testified that he had been ordered by a man connected in an official capacity with the German embassy to disable its machinery. When asked to divulge the name of the man he asked to be excused, as he might be tried for treason therefore when he returned to Germany. His testimony revealed the fact he received the orders in January and that the embassy official told him "the relations between the two countries are being severed and conditions are serious".

Dispatches from Switzerland report a frightful situation in Germany on account of the lack of food. Several persons die of hunger every day in Hamburg. Only the wealthy get enough food. Poultry sells for \$20. A letter from Cologne says: "We lack everything. When a week passes without seeing a friend we do not recognise him, so thin has he become". A traveller from Germany says that many children between the ages of four and seven are dying from lack of proper food.

Widespread indignation is said to have been caused in Holland by the torpedoing of seven Dutch steamers in the western approaches to the English channel last week by the Germans. Four of the vessels, with a total tonnage of 24,292, were sunk, and the other three remained afloat although badly damaged.

HOGS REACH \$14

The hog market at Calgary last week took a rise, reaching \$14 on Friday. Prices on Wednesday were 13.50, on Thurs. 13.75. The top price for hogs for the same week in 1916 was \$8.85. Everything points to a steady hog market this week, and buyers were offering \$14 on Saturday, and Monday, of this week.

The beef market was considerably lower on medium qualities. Owing to the weather receipts of stockers were light and there was not much demand.

Farmers

Keep your stock well supplied with water. We have a large range of

TANK HEATERS

of all sizes and descriptions on hand. Call and inspect. Call and inspect them.

**Vulcan Co-operative
Company, Ltd.**

THE VULCAN BAKERY

BEST BREAD DAILY

Catering

F. SMART - - - Vulcan

GEORGE TODD

BRAND READER

Owner of Horses branded YL on right shoulder. Vulcan, Alberta.

ROYAL CAFE

Meals at all Hours

Ice Cream
Fruits, Soft Drinks, Candies,
Tobaccos, Cigars, Cigarettes
Jang Lin, Proprietor

Queen Cafe

Meals at all Hours

Ice Cream

Confectionery and Candies
Cigars, Tobacco, Soft Drinks
VULCAN, - - - Alberta

Notice to creditors and claimants in the Estate of Charles Dexter Mason, formerly of near Ensign, in the Province of Alberta, but late of the City of Calgary, in the said Province, farmer deceased.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims upon the estate of the late Charles Dexter Mason who died on the sixteenth of December, 1916, are required to send to the undersigned, Solicitors for the Executrix of his will, by the 30th of March, 1917, a full statement duly verified, of their claims, and any securities held by them, and that after that date the Executrix will distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been so filed or brought to her knowledge.

DATED at Calgary, Alberta, this 9th day of February, 1917.

FORD, WRIGHT & MILLER,
Solicitors for the Executrix,
Rooms 207-8 Alberta Corner,
Calgary, Alberta.

27 T2
Approved "J.L.J." J.D.C.

Anyone seeing horses bearing this brand on right shoulder are asked to report whereabouts of same to Arthur Mitchell, Vulcan, Alberta.

HARNESS

Horse Blankets, Whips
Robes, Sweat Pads
Collars, etc.

Harness from 31.00 set up
Blankets from 2.25 each up

Harness Repairing
Neatly and Promptly
Done

T. J. BUTLER
Vulcan, Alberta

The Farmer's Partner

This Company is farmer owned, operated and controlled. It has perfect facilities for keeping in constant touch with market conditions and prices.

It sells Grain and Live Stock for Farmers and profits best when it secures highest prices for them. Through its Co-operative Supplies Department it will buy for the Farmer or his neighbors or their local organization practically any commodity for use on the farm.

The results it secures makes it profitable to both.

Do not fail to get full particulars AT ONCE.

**The Alberta Farmers' Co-operative
Elevator Company Limited**

320-340 Lougheed Building - - - Calgary

We are now open for business
in our new yards at

Kirkaldy

We carry everything in the
BUILDING LINE

Beaver Lumber Co.

LIMITED

MAKE YOUR DOLLARS

FIGHT

AT THE FRONT.

BUY

DOMINION OF CANADA

THREE-YEAR

WAR SAVINGS CERTIFICATES

\$ 25.00	FOR	\$21.50
50.00	"	43.00
100.00	"	86.00

INDIVIDUAL PURCHASES LIMITED TO \$1500.

FOR FULL PARTICULARS APPLY AT ANY BANK
OR ANY MONEY ORDER POST OFFICE

JAN. 9, 1917

FINANCE DEPARTMENT
OTTAWA

BANK OF HAMILTON

ESTABLISHED 1872

SAVE for

War Saving Certificates

OUR Savings Department will help you to buy War Saving Certificates. One Dollar or more received.

HELP THE GOVERNMENT
WIN THE WAR

BANK OF HAMILTON

A. M. TRAIL, MANAGER

Capital Authorized \$5,000,000
Capital Paid-up - \$3,000,000
Surplus - - - - - \$3,475,000



SPRING OPENING

Saturday and Monday, March 3 and 5

WE INVITE YOU TO OUR SPRING OPENING. OUR NEW SPRING GOODS—BEAUTIFUL AS THE FLOWERS OF THE FIELD—ARE DISPLAYED FOR YOUR INSPECTION AND SELECTION. SEEING OUR CORRECT-IN-STYLE, PERFECT-IN-QUALITY, REASONABLE-IN-PRICE, NEW SPRING GOODS MEANS BUYING THEM. WEARING OUR NEW STYLES IS JUST IN KEEPING WITH THE ENCHANTING SPIRIT OF SPRING.

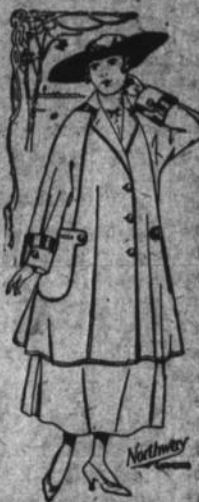
"NORTHWAY" GARMENTS

The finger tips of Paris touches each 'Northway' garment. Those who buy Northway garments buy more than the fine fabrics, skilful workmanship which help to make the garment beautiful. They buy the thing well dressed women demand.

Fancy Silk for Dresses

Our new piece silks will be on display for our opening. It will be a treat to look through the beautiful patterns.

We trust every lady in the vicinity will visit us during these Opening Days to inspect our first showing of spring goods and at the same time to give us a chance to prove to you the quality of stock we are going to carry.



Corsets

Our New Bias Filled Spring Corsets are now on display and we can show you all the latest styles.

Ladies Suits

In Serge, Gaberdine and Silk, ranging in price from
\$15 to \$40

Ladies Skirts

A beautiful black or blue Silk Top Skirts to retail at
\$6.00

Ladies Skirts in Tweed, Serge, Silk and Shepherd Check, ranging in price from
\$5 to \$10

Ladies Coats

This beautiful coats made of Large Check Tweed, trimmed with green broad-cloth to retail at

17.50

If you see a garment you like and are not prepared to buy, make a small deposit on it and we will lay it away and hold it for you.

BUCK & HOWSON

TO LAND OWNERS

If your land is for sale, list it with us, as we are preparing our sales list. No matter what the price is, or the terms, we will be glad to handle it for you. We have a number of buyers on hand now, and you will do well to communicate with us at once.

Arthur Mitchell & Company

Coming to Shimp's Hall, Vulcan

Saturday, March 3rd

F. E. POWELL

The famous Australian Magician, supported by a company of talented artists—Two hours of fun and mystery. Stupendous illusions, bewildering effects.

Tickets 25c, 50c, and 75c, on sale at Jacques Jewelry Store

HAY For SALE

A quantity of Timothy Baled Hay For Sale

I have taken over the livery business of R. Conlin, and am open to attend to your every want when you come to town.

Palace Livery and Feed Stables

A. A. WETSO, Proprietor

THE WEEK'S SUMMARY

On February 17th the Italian transport Minas, of 2854 tons, carrying troops to Salonika, was sunk in the Mediterranean by a German submarine. The ship's crew and the troops on board perished, with the exception of two, who were rescued by the submarine.

According to the Providence Journal high officials of the United States are in possession of facts secured from intercepted letters, and at least in one case from a partial confession, to the effect that the plot now being investigated by the federal grand jury in New York concerning the activities of several alleged newspaper correspondents compassed the assassination of President Wilson.

An extra edition of the Canada Gazette issued on Saturday contains the formal order-in-council prohibiting women and children going to England. The prohibition extends to women and children going to England. The prohibition extends to women and girls and all children under the age of ten years. Steamship agents responsible for disobeying the order are liable to imprisonment for six months or a fine of not more than two thousand dollars and not less than five hundred dollars.

The potatoe shortage in London England, became serious last weekend, when all stocks at big dealers were virtually exhausted. Other vegetables also became scarce. The situation came as a great surprise to many people. A number of shopkeepers became unscrupulous, demanding twice the maximum price fixed by the Government, and then would only sell when considerable quantities of other groceries were bought.

ties of other groceries were bought.

Of the 1,800,000 Armenians who were in the Ottoman empire two years ago, 1,200,000 have been deported or massacred by the Turks, according to a cablegram from Rt. Hon. A. J. Balfour, the British secretary of state for foreign affairs, to the American committee for Armenian and Syrian relief.

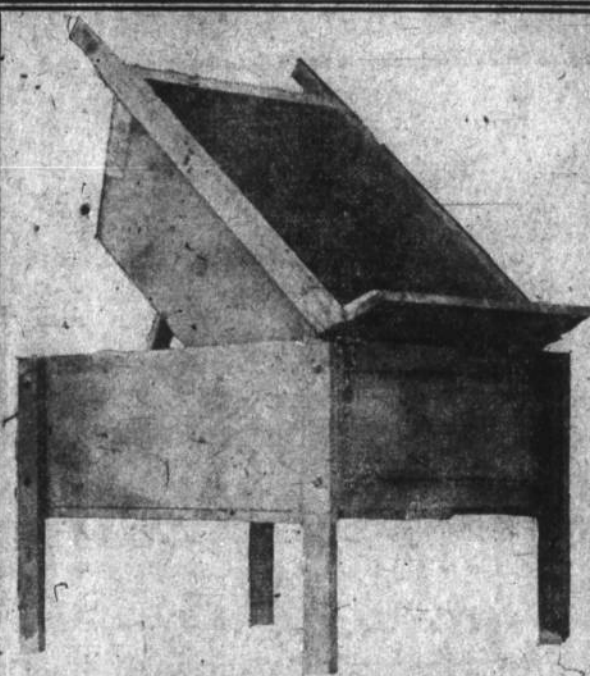
According to Holland papers the strike at the Krupp factories at Essen, Germany, is constantly extending. 40,000 workers are now on strike owing to the lack of food. Disturbances from the same cause have also arisen at Aix la Chappelle. The police asked for aid from the military, who, it is said, refused to act.

New Zealand, the smallest of the overseas Dominions, with only one million of a population, has sent 70,000 men overseas. A monthly quota of 2,400 men is now being raised as re-inforcements by a ballot system. This she expects to do for some time, although the problem of depletion the available man power of the country thereby is becoming serious.

In the British house of Commons last week premier Lloyd George made an interesting speech on the shipping problem. It would, he said, have to be greatly curtailed if the country was to come out of the war with success. If, however, the people would not forego the shipping in of unnecessary luxuries in order that the tonnage might be used for necessities and war purposes disaster was probable.

According to the latest advices the Entente allies blockade of Greece will be lifted only when King Constantine conceded all the demands of the allies.

Letterheads, Envelopes, Statements Catalogues, Circulars, etc., neatly and promptly done at the Advocate



"Ideal Grain Pickler"

And Germinator. The latest, easiest, fastest, most durable and complete one-man machine on the market. Submerges all the grain; can be operated in a wagon. No parts to get out of order.

Price \$10.00, L.o.b. Your Station
Manufactured and Sold by

THE VULCAN WOODWORKERS

Makers of Anything that's Made of Wood
N. SULLIVAN, Manager

Redpath SUGAR



is made in one grade only—the highest. So there is no danger of getting "seconds" when you buy Redpath in the original Cartons or Bags.

"Let Redpath Sweeten it."

2 and 5 lb. Cartons—
10, 20, 50 and 100 lb. Bags.

Canada Sugar Refining Co., Limited, Montreal.

TYPHOID

is no more necessary than smallpox. Army experience has demonstrated the almost miraculous efficacy, and rapidness, of Antityphoid Vaccination. Be vaccinated NOW by your physician, you and your family. It is many times more effective than the Typhoid Vaccine, results from it, and danger from Typhoid Carriers. THE CUTLER LABORATORY, BURLING, CALIF. SUGGESTING VACCINES & SERUMS UNDER U. S. GOV. LICENSE

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

A safe, reliable, revolutionary medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength. No. 1, \$1; No. 2, \$3; No. 3, \$5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid in plain package on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Watson)

STAMMERING

or stuttering overcome positively. Our natural methods permanently restore natural speech. Graduate pupils everywhere. Free advice and literature. THE ARNOTT INSTITUTE, KITCHENER, CANADA

A Verbal Flood

"When I got home at 2 this morning my wife met me in the hall, and for a full minute she regarded me in silence."
"At length she spoke?"
"Yes, also she spoke at length."

Wisely Chosen Time

"The time for good resolution making, that is, just after Christmas, was wisely chosen."
"What do you mean?"
"It's so much easier to be good when you're broke, you know."

Wealth of Western Provinces

Grain, Live Stock and Dairy Products Constitute Amazing Wealth

The Winnipeg Free Press, in an exhaustive tabulation of market returns for Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta for 1916, says that the value of live stock and dairy products and the first four months of the grain crop of these provinces totalled \$258,010,681. For 1915 it gives a comparative figure of \$254,162,954, and for 1914 of \$140,609,535.

It is stated that 97,000,000 bushels of wheat has passed Winnipeg of the 1916 crop. Oats, barley and flax inspected there had a value of over \$10,000,000 higher than for the same month of the previous year.

It is estimated that 33,000,000 bushels of wheat remained in interior elevators at the close of the year.

The year's grand total is made up as follows, according to the Free Press: Wheat, \$161,389,955; oats, \$22,135,625; barley, \$6,891,187; flax, \$6,851,863; dairy products, \$12,728,614; Winnipeg stockyards, \$19,346,393; Calgary yards, \$10,110,770; Edmonton yards (three months), \$618,251; hay, potatoes and roots, \$17,938,000.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

The Same Thing
Counsel (to plaintiff): "At this final interview when you demanded payment by the defendant of this debt, what did he say to you?"
Plaintiff: "Go to the devil."
Counsel: "What did you do?"
Plaintiff: "I immediately consulted my solicitor."

Both Easy

"It is easy to give advice."
"Yes; also to refrain from taking it."

How Money Makes Money

It is a striking commentary on the way in which corporate wealth increases of itself that the Standard Oil holdings alone of the late Chas. W. Harkness, who died on May 1 last, increased in value \$7,618,991 between that day and December 7, when the appraisal of his fortune was disclosed. Between the man's death and the rounding up of his possessions this one block of his \$60,000,000 of property had grown by that enormous sum, and while the man himself lay in his grave.—Boston Transcript.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Sirs,—I have used your MINARD'S LINIMENT for the past 25 years, and whilst I have occasionally used other liniments I can safely say that I have never used any equal to yours.

If rubbed between the hands and inhaled frequently, it will never fail to cure cold in the head in 24 hours. It is also the Best for bruises, sprains, etc.—Yours truly,

J. G. LESLIE.

Dartmouth.

Unexplored Ontario

Within the borders of Ontario are three tracts of 6,000 to 8,000 square miles each that no white man has ever explored. It is estimated that east of the reinder lake and Kasar river is a region of 73,000 square miles area, larger than New York, New Jersey, Connecticut and Massachusetts combined, which is yet to be explored. Altogether there is an aggregate of 901,000 square miles of country which should be represented on the map by whiteness, and this calculation does not include unexplored areas of less than 4,000 square miles.—Detroit News.

Keeping Account

A Little Figuring Will Usually Pay Big Dividends

It has been said that if lead pencils were uncommon things there would be golden opportunities for slick-tongued salesmen to sell them at a substantial profit on the strength of the amount of money which could be saved by their use. This was never more true than it is today when everything is so high in price. A lead pencil judiciously used will show which crops last year returned the most for the labor put upon them. Such information would be valuable in planning this year's work. Lead pencils have been known to save years of time which was being spent in milling unprofitable cows. A little figuring might show where the purchase of a new machine would more than save its cost in time saved during the rush of a busy season. Before the lead pencil idea is capitalized why not start of your own accord to ascertain just how things are going and where savings of time and money could be made?—The Practical Farmer.

CHILBLAINS

Easily and Quickly Cured with EGYPTIAN LINIMENT

For Sale by All Dealers DOUGLAS & Co., Prop'rs. Niagara, Ont.

Had the Drop

First Motorist: How many miles can you go on a gallon?
Second Motorist: How many can you?
First Motorist: I asked you first.

A Thorough Pill.—To clear the stomach and bowels of impurities, and irritants is necessary when their action is irregular. The pills that will do this work thoroughly are Parmenter's Vegetable Pills, which are mild in action but mighty in results. They purge painlessly and effectively, and work a permanent cure. They can be used without fear by the most delicately constituted, as there are no painful effects preceding their gentle operation.

Japanese Wives and Jealousy

When a married man in Japan is attracted by another woman, his wife makes a straw effigy of her rival, and in the dead of night goes out in stealth and nails the figure to the trunk of a tree in a shrine-ground cemetery, or any other dreary place. For several days she goes there every night, driving a new nail into the figure each time, meanwhile praying for the other woman's death. It is believed that, with the driving of the nails, that hatred rival will fall ill, becoming gradually worse, and worse until she passes away. This curious superstition has been handed down from ancient times, but has now almost died out except in the country villages.—Wide World Magazine.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo,

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1916.
(Seal)
A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Send for testimonials free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Akin to the British

Interesting Conclusions Drawn From Tracing French Ancestry

Thoughtful delvers into Canadian history have drawn attention to the fact that the French of Lower Canada are more akin to ourselves than we have been accustomed to suppose. Their ancestors came from Brittany and Normandy. The Bretons are brothers to the Celtic Irish, the Welsh and the Highland Scottish. The Normans were of Scandinavian blood, and essentially identical with the Northmen who scourged England under the name of Danes, occupied that part of France from which came William the Conqueror and his retinue, and even adventured into the Mediterranean as far as Sicily. It would be difficult, therefore, to say whether the early explorers and settlers along the St. Lawrence in the days of the Bourbons were more typical Frenchmen—mercantile and worldly—than they were typical Britons—daring, patient, plodding and physically prolific.—Hamilton Spectator.

Holloway's Corn Cure takes the corn out by the roots. Try it and prove it.

Mightiest of the Grand Fleet

A Canadian lieutenant on a British ship of the Grand Fleet, in a recent letter to friends in Toronto, says: "Since the war began the navy has grown like a green bay tree. It has been pruned of old ships and some new ones, but new branches have sprung out as by magic. Barring whispers, in bated breath, nothing was known of the mightiest until with a roar that woke the echoes of the hills their anchor chains rattled down within hailing distance of us. "As one gazes at these great leviathans, whose speed and power is the marvel of the age, one realizes the full meaning of what Britain's war-time manufacturing power means to her today."

No Change

At the age of sixteen Alice Jones wrought poetic changes in her name. She signed herself E. Alysse Jones. Thus designated she entered a new school. The head mistress asked her name. "Alysse Jones," she replied. "Thank you," said the teacher. "And how are you spelling Jones now?"—Argonaut.

War Surgery's Marvels

Appears to Be No Limit to the Progress of Modern Surgery

"I have seen two soldiers, with shrapnel bullets in their brains, sitting up in bed talking and laughing with their friends. Is there no limit to the marvels of modern surgery?" writes an orderly in one of the London hospitals. Judging from the marvellous achievements of our war surgeons, we do not think there is. Quite recently a Canadian soldier, whose lower jaw had been partly carried away by a fragment of shell, causing terrible disfigurement, was provided with a new jaw, built with a piece of the wounded man's ribs.

In another case a lieutenant in a Highland regiment, whose lower jaw had been almost completely blown away, was doctored in a marvellous manner. The surgeon put a new floor to the man's mouth, actually induced two pieces of bone to grow on the lower jaw, fixed complete artificial teeth, and healed the remains of the lips, with the result that now the man is as normal as ever, and the only trace of his mishap is a slight scar by the mouth. In another case the successful re-uniting of the spinal cord was made for the first time in surgery. A soldier whose spinal cord had been completely severed by a shell splinter was so treated that in a short time he was able to move his lower limbs and gradually recovered his sensory powers. Another wonderful operation was the extracting of a fragment of hand grenade from the heart of a Parisian sergeant, the cure being established beyond all doubt.

To Asthma Sufferers.—Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy comes like a helping hand to a sinking swimmer. It gives new life and hope by curing his trouble—something he has come to believe impossible. Its benefit is too evident to be questioned—it is its own best argument—its own best advertisement. If you suffer from asthma get this time-tried remedy and find help like thousands of others.

In the Toils

First Hippopotamus: What's the matter, my dear?

Second Hippo: I sometimes wish you had never been so prosperous. I simply cannot get a servant to turn on the mud in my bath every morning.—Life.

WINTER HARD ON BABY

The winter season is a hard one on the baby. He is more or less confined to stuffy, badly ventilated rooms. It is so often stormy that the mother does not get him out in the fresh air as often as she should. He catches colds which rack his little system; his stomach and bowels get out of order and he becomes peevish and cross. To guard against this the mother should keep a box of Baby's Own Tablets in the house. They regulate the stomach and bowels and break up colds. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A Sure Way

A Minnesota man relates that one afternoon a train on a western railway stopped at a small station, when one of the passengers, in looking over the place, found his gaze fixed upon an interesting sign. Hurrying to the side of the conductor, he eagerly inquired: "Do you think that I will have time to get a soda before the train starts?"

"Oh, yes," answered the conductor. "But suppose," suggested the thirsty passenger, "that the train should go on without me?"
"We can easily fix that," promptly replied the conductor. "I will go along and have one with you."—Argonaut.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

Butterflies of Fashion Fail to Economise

Women's Craze for High Boots and Delicately Tinted Hosiery Discussed in London

Extravagant expenditure on silk stockings and showy boots is going on without stint. Economy in dress is practiced by many women, but not by the butterflies of fashion. Among the section of the population which is temporarily enriched through the war there is a tendency to flaunt all the extravagances of fashion. One firm states: "Women will scarcely look at plain cotton and cashmere stockings nowadays. Stockings of artificial silk and fine gauze silk with merino tops, 4s or 5s a pair, and sometimes more, are all the rage. The fact that they will not stand hard wear makes no difference to the demand."

As to the extravagant boots, this is what the head of a big firm says, as reported in the Shoe and Leather Record: "There seems no limit to the prices which many wearers will pay. I am stocking women's hessians with cloth tops, for which I pay as much as 35 shillings. What do I get for them? Practically any price I like to ask."

But the Chicken Wouldn't

A country hotel proprietor, glancing out of a rear window, saw his new waiter chasing a chicken about the yard.

"What have you in that bowl?" demanded the hotel man, referring to a utensil he was hugging.
"Mushrooms," responded the new waiter. "There's a gentleman that wants chicken smothered with mushrooms, and I'm trying to smother him, sir!"

We Get You, Madam

"Your niece and mine certainly get along well together, Mrs. Blunderby."
"Beautifully! The dear girls are so conubial."

ANY CHEST COLD MAY BRING Bronchitis or Tonsillitis

The irritating, tickling cough affects the lung tissue and wears down nature's power to resist disease germs.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

suppresses the cold, allays the inflammation, steadily removes the irritation and rebuilds the resistive power to prevent lung trouble.

SCOTT'S has done more for bronchial troubles than any other one medicine. It contains no harmful drugs.

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont. 10-10

Heroic Flying Men

Courageous and Daring Tactics of the British Airmen

French aviators have a profound respect for the British Royal Flying Corps, and the Matin, the chief Parisian newspaper, prints a warm appreciation of their services. We are told that during a reconnaissance in Egypt, an aeroplane was attacked by two enemy machines. A bullet broke the English pilot's jaw, another pierced his shoulder, a third found a resting place in his left leg, and finally his left hand was also wounded. He fainted, regaining consciousness when only 150 metres above the earth. He was over his own lines. He brought his machine safely to land, and then found that his observer was wounded in the chest and shoulder. With difficulty he made his report, fainted and died!

During a bombing mission Lieutenant Albert Ball noticed twenty enemy aeroplanes, divided into three groups. He advanced towards the first group, which contained seven machines, and fired on them at a distance of ten yards. The first German wavered, wheeled and fell. He then threw himself upon the others, firing two volleys at them. The first Boche took fire and fell. The others attempted to escape, but our pilot immediately started in pursuit and followed them until he had discharged his last cartridge, one of the enemy machines falling on a house in a village. Ball then returned for more ammunition, came back to the charge, and attacked three more aeroplanes, which he put out of action; then, having no more petrol, was obliged to return to his base with his machine disabled.

A Difference

There is a curious difference between the order issued by the German emperor to his troops and the order issued by General Nivelle to his French troops. Both are calls to further fighting, but the emperor's order is gloomy in tone and speaks of new sacrifices, while the French general speaks of brilliant auspices at the beginning of the year and says his men will make 1917 a year of victory. Is it a difference of race that makes this difference of tone?—Buffalo Express.

Coming and Going

A struggling maker of humorous quips tried to break into a leading publication.
He sent the editor one of his favorite mots.
It was returned with this comment: "Too original to be good."
He sent another.
This time the comment was: "Too good to be original."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A Pleasant Healthful Habit

A daily ration of Grape-Nuts and cream is a splendid food for those who want vigor and energy.

Grape-Nuts

is a concentrated health-food made from choice whole wheat and malted barley. It retains the vital mineral elements of the grain so essential to thorough nourishment of body and brain, but lacking in many other cereal foods.

Every table should have its daily ration of Grape-Nuts.

"There's a Reason"

No change in price, quality, or size of package

W. N. U. 1143

We know other Machines!
Autos Engines, etc

Why not our own Body Machine?

We study and admire the machinery invented by man, and too often overlook and neglect that most marvellous machine—the human body.

To understand and take care of the heart, lungs and liver; the arteries and veins, the skin, the teeth, the eyes and all the intricate machinery of the body, is no small task.

But, unlike any other machine, the body replaces its own wear and waste, and, consequently, the most attention required is that which has to do with the organs of digestion and excretion.

So long as proper food is supplied for nourishment and the liver, kidneys and bowels are regular in their work of eliminating poisonous waste matter from the system, the great majority of human ills are avoided.

In this connection Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are appreciated on account of their promptness and efficiency in arousing the action of these filtering and excretory organs, and thereby removing such disorders as liver complaint, biliousness, constipation, indigestion, kidney disease and backache. With these organs in healthful action there is no such thing as Bright's disease, hardening of the arteries and rheumatism.

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one pill a dose, 25 cents a box, all dealers, or Edmansson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

Do not be talked into accepting a substitute. Imitations disappoint.

Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

GREAT BRITAIN HAS PROFITED BY THE MISTAKES OF THE PAST

NOW APPLYING LESSONS LEARNED FROM FAILURES

The Growth of the Fighting Machine Constituted by the Army Has Been Little Short of Marvellous, and All Resources of The Empire Have Been Mobilized for Supreme Effort

Ed. L. Keen correspondent of the United Press in London, reviews the year 1916 as follows:

John Bull spent a goodly portion of 1916 applying the lessons he learned the previous year.

From the Dardanelles to Mesopotamia, from Neuve Chapelle to Loos, from Soissons to Arras, he blundered along, but as subsequent history has demonstrated, all the time acquiring merit. Out of every strategic failure, every unfulfilled expectation, both military and political, he managed to learn something, and the lessons stuck.

First of all the lessons of centralized power in the direction of war, of internal government, of domestic economy and of efficiency, thoroughly learned, led him to put David Lloyd George into a practical dictatorship over all those branches of British activity.

The Asquith Cabinet fell because British public opinion, almost solidly aligned behind "the little Welshman," demanded supreme efficiency in England's fight for life. It was characteristic of Mr. Lloyd George, the breaker of precedent, that he should sweep away nearly all the old ministerial machinery and substitute for the loosely knit, slow-moving, over-official Cabinet, a small, compact war council of five members—and take this step with the eager acquiescence of John Bull. And John Bull, who usually has to be driven, and who generally hates new-fangled things, showed the transformation in his character which the war has wrought by standing behind Mr. Lloyd George.

By reason of his early unsuccessful adventures in the Near East, he gathered invaluable knowledge in the matter of organization and equipment which he has this year applied in other quarters. As a result of the failure of his troops in the West in the spring and autumn of 1915, to attain their desired objective, he made certain changes in personnel, vastly improved his organization behind the lines, and above all learned that the only way seriously to defeat the German front was with a preponderant supply of shot and shell.

He lost Bulgaria to the allied cause, but the experience he acquired in that process enabled him to gather in Rumania. Just now, by the fortune of war, Rumania appears to be a doubtful military asset, if not a liability, but at the time unquestionably the enlistment of this country with the allies was a diplomatic stroke of first importance.

Early in 1916 he adopted conscription. Had it been introduced a year before, the war might have been over today. Englishmen have responded in unprecedented fashion to their King and country's call under the voluntary system, but it was only the certainty of ultimate conscription that finally brought the enrollment up to five million men. The molding of this huge lump of human raw material into an efficient military machine has been a gigantic task, but its proper equipment has been a greater.

Little less than miraculous has been the development of the munitions industry in this country during the last year. From the stars Britain has been the treasury of the allies; now it has become their armory. When Mr. Lloyd George began turning England's factories into arsenals, and shooting about ten shells to the allies' one. There was a time when on certain sections of the battle line British gunners were limited to four rounds per day. Upon America and Japan Britain was depending for the most part of its supplies of machine

guns, heavy artillery and high explosives. Now these conditions are all reversed. More than 4,000 private firms in England, 95 per cent. of whom before the war had never produced a gun, a shell or a cartridge, now are turning out munitions of one sort or another.

Just after the Munitions Act was passed, Mr. Lloyd George started the country by announcing that eleven new government arsenals had been provided for. Today there are more than ninety, most of them producing big guns, howitzers or high explosives. The weekly output of shell cartridges is now greater by millions than England's entire annual output before the war. A new type of machine-gun is being turned out by the hundred every week, in one factory built in the last year. The general output of heavy artillery has increased by several hundred per cent. The total number of war workers has increased to nearly four million, of whom half a million are women.

Practically the whole of England's vast industrial resources, except those necessary for the supply of the civil population, have been mobilized for war purposes. Every factory in the land, if called upon, is required to devote at least part of its activities to turning out war material. The proportion of munitions now furnished by America and Japan has become almost negligible.

Moreover, England is not merely supplying her own big armies. She has had to help out Russia, France and Italy, especially the first-named. It has been largely due to English guns and English shells that the Russians have been able to put the Germans on the defensive. Large quantities of English munitions were sent also to Rumania, and the Serbian army would doubtless still be fighting for Monastir had it not been thoroughly re-equipped by Great Britain.

Giving all due credit to the allied strategy in general and to Gen. Haig's military genius in particular, as well as to the admitted improvement of Tommy as a fighting proposition, and the present superiority of the British air service, there is, after all, only one answer for the recent successes along the Somme and the Ancre—munitions. The lessons of Ypres, Neuve Chapelle and Loos have been well learned.

Dream Came True

Young Lady in a Dream Saw Her Fiance Wounded

One of the most vivid stories of warning by dreams is told by a young lady who dreamed that she saw her fiance in the trenches preparing for a raid. In her dream the young lady saw him, with many others, climb out of the British trenches, cross No Man's Land, and enter the enemy's lines. Her dream became confused for a moment, and then quite plainly she saw him climb on to the parapet of the German trench and fall forward wounded. A big man came up, took the wounded man on his shoulder, and carried him back to the British lines. The young lady awoke feeling very alarmed, and the next day wrote to her fiance for news. A few days afterwards she received a letter from him, in hospital, stating that on the night of her dream, about midnight, he was one of a raiding party, composed of English and New Zealanders, and was wounded while standing on the top of the German trench. A big Maori carried him back to the British lines, exactly as the young lady had pictured in her dream.

British Spy's Feat

In Island Fortress

Heligoland's Secrets Not So Cleverly Kept—Thrilling Is Story of Narrow Escape

Heligoland was British in 1890. It was just a lump of waste rock of no particular use to anybody, except seagulls and fishermen. Today that rock is the most strongly fortified place in the world. The island covers about 130 acres; it is a mile long, and stands 200 feet above the level of the sea. In the southeast corner there are the town and harbor, with some of the finest sands in Europe. Anybody could go to the town, and tourists were welcomed there; but nobody was allowed to wander over the island. Everywhere there were "verboten" notices and sentries with rifles to make sure that everybody understood that "verboten" meant "forbidden."

As a secret service agent, I was only interested in that part of the island which was walled off by the notice boards. So I changed my name to Franz Gagehmann, went to Essen, and became a workman in Krupp's famous armament factory. Then I managed to get myself sent, along with a hundred other workmen, to set some heavy guns in position on the island.

But we were not allowed to see much. We did not even know in what part of the island we were working. We were under the closest supervision. Sentries guarded us night and day, like convicts. We were never allowed to go down to the town. All I could learn from the gallery in which I was working was that the Germans have literally hacked out of the solid rock the strongest fortress the world has ever seen.

But I wanted to learn far more than that. It was useless to think of slipping off at night and making a few observations. The sentries were far too watchful, and they had a habit of counting the workmen at odd times. So I had to evolve a rather elaborate plan. One day I slipped down and twisted my ankle so badly that I could not walk. They carried me off to the hospital. Luckily it was some distance, and by keeping my eyes open, I managed to learn quite a lot about the galleries and to note the position of several guns and a magazine.

As soon as I was in the hospital I spent half an hour going over in my mind everything that I had seen. It was not long before I had everything fixed in my memory, but I still had no idea as to the points of the compass. Luckily the night was clear, so suddenly I felt exceedingly faint, and asked to be taken to the window. A glance at the stars was quite sufficient to give me my bearings.

Having only an alleged sprained ankle, I was rather neglected by the doctors and nurses. So much so, in fact, that I managed to slip away. I was now carrying my life in my hands. At any moment I might be seen by a sentry. My absence was sure to be noticed at the hospital. And I had to make as many observations as possible. Within half an hour I had found the weak spot in the defences which was being strengthened with heavy armor plate. There was a shout. I had been seen by a sentry. I ducked and ran. In a few minutes there was a regular hue and cry; but I managed to reach the town, where I had confederates. And so it happened that the next day Mr. Charles T. Held, an American citizen, returned to Hamburg after his visit to Heligoland. With him were his wife and daughters. He had his passport, his hotel bill duly receipted, and everything else in perfect order. But in the heel of Sadie Held's shoe there was a rough chart containing a lot of very useful information about Heligoland.

Anybody Can Fly Now

Orville Wright's Stabilizer Makes Airplanes Perfectly Safe

Riding in an airplane, where one has nothing to do except steer the craft, is the latest thing in travelling by air. In short, the airplane has been made "fool proof." The flying machine of the very near future will be as safe as the motor car. This is the information contained in an announcement made by Orville Wright, the "air king."

The factor that will make flying safe is a new stabilizer, the invention of which Wright has announced. The invention, it is said, will make air travelling absolutely free from all danger of falling.

Orville Wright, who, with his brother Wilbur, now dead, built the first heavier than air machine fifteen years ago, has convinced himself that the new stabilizer is perfect after a series of tests and is preparing to apply for patents. Pending the issuance of this protection he will not explain the details of his invention.

It was learned, however, that the contrivance consists of an arrangement of electrical batteries, connected with a pendulum which swings in a liquid "bath" and a minor propeller located directly over the pilot's head. The action of the propeller responding to the automatically operating stabilizer, serves to balance the machine. Through the same effect, the machine is "banked"; that is, tilted to the proper angle when making curves. It can be stated further that the principle of the gyroscopic, which had marked similar inventions, is discarded.

"I can say that the new stabilizer more than meets my expectation," said Wright in an interview. "Its operation leaves nothing for the aviator to do but steer the machine. In my trial flights all I had to do was to steer. The stabilizer gave me a perfect balance, did all the 'banking' on the curves, and righted the machine at every dip."

Daily flights were made by Wright for two weeks on the aviation field near Dayton. It was the first time the inventor has been in the air for three years.

Break for Freedom

How the Plan of Two Interned German Officers Nearly Succeeded

An ingenious method of escape was employed by two German officers who escaped from a detention camp, but were subsequently arrested and brought back. It appears that the camp waste paper is collected at intervals and wheeled in barrows to a store shed outside the grounds. The officers conceived the idea of being taken to the shed as waste paper and consequently hid themselves underneath it. By using a twig of elderwood from which the pith had been abstracted, they managed to get sufficient air in their hiding-place. When the orderlies came to wheel out the waste paper, so natural did the bundles look that the suspicions of the armed guard in charge were not aroused. After they had been tumbled into the store shed the door was locked by the guard. As soon as all was quiet again, the officers managed to free themselves from their respective bundles, forced the lock of the door, and thus secured their freedom.

Increased Call For Production

Minister of Agriculture Makes Further Appeal to "the Men on the Land"

Hon. Martin Burrell, Minister of Agriculture, in the Agricultural Gazette, makes a further appeal to the farmers of Canada to increase production. His appeal, which is addressed to "the man on the land," is as follows:

"For two years and a half, war, red and ruinous, has raged through the world, and still no decision has been reached. There is reason to hope that before 1917 closes the struggle for liberty will have been won or be greatly advanced. Amid the varying phases of this titanic conflict the fact stands out more clearly than ever that agriculture is of supreme importance. Extraordinary measures are being taken by the allied countries to increase and encourage production. It is earnestly hoped that every farmer in Canada will strive to increase the food supply of the empire. A still powerful and unscrupulous enemy openly avows its intention to try and sink all ships carrying supplies to England during the coming year. In the tremendous strain yet to come a vital factor will be an ample and unflinching flow of food to England and France. No matter what difficulties may face us, the supreme duty of every man on the land is to use every thought and every energy in the direction of producing more, and still more."

Rust Epidemic Made Scarcity of Seed Grain

Farmers Warned to Be Careful This Year in Their Sowing

In order to assure a heavy grain harvest for Canada in 1917, the Dominion Experimental Farms recommends that farmers exercise especial care in the selection of the right kind of seed grain for sowing the spring wheat crop.

It is expected that the grain rust epidemic of the past season in the West will be causing grave concern to many farmers as to where to turn to obtain superior seed.

Grain from a crop damaged by rust is frequently of poor quality, and not fit for use as seed, unless special precautions are taken. This is not because there is much danger that this seed will again produce a rusted crop, but because the grain is shrunken and immature; such seed is known to yield poor and feeble crops.

The safest seed to use is the best grade procurable from rust-free crops, providing, of course, that the germination is normal.

The use of this class of seed may not, however, be universally possible, since frost and hail caused considerable damage, where rust was not prevalent, in the West and very little seed remains over from the harvest of 1915.

Thus, perforce, Western farmers at least will have to sow much of the grain damaged by rust. Where such grain must be used, it should be carefully and thoroughly named and screened, until only the heaviest kernels remain. The use of seed prepared in this way is known to ensure a more promising yield than the indiscriminate use of unscreened grain. Experiments have shown that where heavy seeds are used, gains to the extent of five bushels an acre may result.

Farmers should take these precautions to enable them to make up for the considerable losses of the past season. Early sowing, the use of early maturing varieties, and sowing rather more per acre, these are well-known precautions to be taken against damage from rust.

Why Germany Must Be Defeated

Neutral nations are as interested in the defeat of Germany as are the Allies. The enemy has designed to upset law by outrage. She has made war horrible. She has allowed, if she has not actually inspired, unprecedented massacre in Turkey. She has schemed to divide the nations fighting against her. The fact that she is strong and stubborn makes it the more necessary that she shall be defeated. If Germany could have been conquered in a month there would have been no necessity to conquer her at all. As it is, it is this German Empire, built on force and fraud, organized, ruthless, utterly immoral, remains unbeaten, the story of European civilization has been told, and mankind will be inevitably switched back to barbarism.—London Express.

No Empty Words

Wife (complainingly): You said once that you loved me better than your life. Hub: Well, didn't I give up the life I was living for you?

NO PEACE BASIS UNTIL GERMANS KNOW WHAT THE FIGHTING IS FOR

TO KEEP INTACT THE HOHENZOLLERN DYNASTY

When the German People Finally Realize They Are Not Fighting For the Freedom of Germany, but Their Own Continued Political Submission, a Reaction May be Expected

If Germans wish to know why the sentiment of the allies is so inhospitable to peace, let them read their Kaiser's New Year's proclamation to his army and navy.

The Kaiser tells the German people that they have been "victorious in all theatres of war on land and sea." The campaign in Rumania is described as "our recent triumphal march." "The greatest naval battle this year was our victory in the Skagerrak," in which the German fleet retired to its base and left the British in command of the sea. "The gallant deeds of our submarines have secured for my navy glory and admiration for ever." "God also in the future will be with us."

The Kaiser could hardly say more if the British navy were at the bottom of the sea and the German troops were in possession of London, Paris, Petrograd and Rome. That sort of rhetoric may be admirably adapted to the business of fooling all of the Germans some of the time and some of the Germans all of the time, but it is not a preliminary to peace conferences.

For dynastic reasons it is necessary to make the German people believe that they have won the war and that any peace which Germany may propose is a victorious peace; but there will be no peace on that basis. France will die first.

Assuming that there is an honest desire for peace in Germany, no progress will be made until the Kaiser and the responsible statesmen of Germany begin to talk the language of peace and stop talking the language of conquest. No nation can bring itself into victory. There must be Germans of sufficient sanity to know that the Kaiser's proclamation is a piece of imperial demagoguery; that Germany is not victorious, and at best can achieve only a stalemate at localizable sacrifices of blood and treasure. They must know that the Kaiser's boasts are a form of treason to Germany; in that they give aid and comfort to the enemy by making the allies more determined than ever to see the war through to the bitter end.

Yet the Germans tolerate it, the strongest justification that the Allies can present for their refusal to enter a peace conference. Great Britain and France have not been asked to make peace with the German people, but with the Hohenzollern dynasty and with Junkertum. Such a peace can be at best only a truce.

It may flatter German pride to believe that Germany has been "victorious in all theatres of war on land and on sea," but that sort of pride must be paid for, and it will be paid for. What the German people are actually fighting for is not a German victory, but a means of so placating their own vanity that they will not be tempted to revolutionize their government when the war is over. They do not know it, but they may rest assured that the Kaiser knows it and the Chancellor knows it, and all Junkertum knows it.

The Imperial Government would immediately offer most liberal terms of peace if it could be certain that when the reaction came there would be no change in the German attitude towards the throne and the doctrine of Divine right. This is not the first time that a great people has battled desperately to insure its own political servitude and to save itself from freedom, and it may not be the last. But there can be no basis for a permanent peace until the Germans themselves begin to understand what they are really fighting for, which is not freedom for Germany, but their own continued political submission to the medieval system that plunged them into this war.—New York World.

A Plot That Will Fail

Pan-German Scheme of Expansion in the East Will Be Frustrated By the Allies

Germany centred her attention in the early days of the war on her swift invasion of Belgium and France. Balked of her purpose, she now covets a permanent foothold beyond her old eastern boundaries. She is willing to have the world regard the war as a drawn game, because she knows that by trading her western gains for new influence on the eastern front her Pan-German scheme of domination over the vast territories between the North Sea and the Persian Gulf will be enormously strengthened.

It is a shrewd plot, but it will fail. The Entente nations are pledged to a very different programme. They have solemnly promised Constantinople to Russia, and they intend that Rumania, Serbia and Montenegro shall be set free. Their determination is unalterable; they will not end the struggle until the menace of Prussian militarism, both East and West, has been destroyed.—Providence Journal.

More Cattle Enter Canada

The total number of cattle entering Canada from the United States through the port of North Portland during the year 1916 was approximately five times as many as came through the same port during 1915. From present indications based upon inquiries reaching veterinary and customs departments, the year 1917 will equal, if not surpass, the record years of 1911-12.

Applicant: Is there an opening here for a live-wire, hustling college man? Office Boy: Now, but there's going to be if I don't get me salary raised by tomorrow night.

Plans for the Next War

Germany Making Plans for Another War When She Is Better Prepared

A very useful commentary upon Germany's peace proposals is furnished by an article reproduced here with which appeared in December in the Lokal Anzeiger of Berlin, a semi-official newspaper:

"We began this war a year too soon. When we have secured a German peace we must begin at once a reorganization upon a broader, firmer basis than ever before. Establishments that produce raw materials essential to the army must not only continue their work, but enter into it upon lines of increased activity, forming thus the economic, the kernel of economic Germany in preparing in the economic sense for the next war."

"We must carefully calculate in advance, in view of lessons learned in this war, what our country lacks in raw material or essentials of raw material, and secure immense reserves to remain unused until a day in the future. We must organize as genuine an industrial mobilization as we had a military mobilization. Every technician or semi-technician, enrolled or not in the list of mobilized, must be empowered through official credentials to take charge and direction of a given establishment upon the second day following a new declaration of war. Every establishment manufacturing for commercial purposes must be mobilized also and understand officially that upon the third day after declaration of war their entire abilities are to be devoted to serving the army upon demand."

"We must finally establish some definite commercial understanding with the nations outside Europe that will offer them advantages to be duly specified in detail whereby these nations as neutrals will find it to their direct disadvantage commercially to trade or sell munitions during war to either ourselves or our enemies. We can afford to offer such conditions ourselves. And, finally, when the next war comes, it must not be a year too soon."

Russians are Eager For News of Battle

Villagers Take Newspapers and Through the Inadequate Libraries

Interest in the world war and a desire to learn what the hosts of the "Little Father" are doing and who the allies, who are battling with them against the Teutonic armies, are, have caused a grand rush by the Russian peasants upon the popular libraries and reading rooms established several years ago by the government. Unfortunately, according to the Rusky Wjedomosty of Moscow, these institutions are in no condition to supply the information wanted, as most of the books they contain treat of the training of dogs and similar subjects, pronounced harmless by the so-called Commission of Scholars appointed some time ago.

The libraries in Russia, which really are adapted to the enlightenment of the people, are closely watched by the police, and are closed a great part of the time. The Society for the Promotion of Popular Education of Kursk, which was dissolved by government order, alone maintained more than seventy libraries and reading rooms. It was directed by Dr. W. Dolschenko, a member of the first and second Duma.

Nevertheless the Russians are making the best of their limited opportunities, and the number of subscribers to the libraries and reading rooms still open has increased more than 60 per cent. in many parts of the country, despite the fact that so many of the peasants are at the front. A landowner in Central Russia sends in the following account of the eagerness for news shown by the people of his neighborhood: "I am now literally 'the village scribe,' as all of the educated men that were here are now at the front. Every day crowds of women come to me to have letters written to their loved ones in the field. Something that gives me particular satisfaction is the interest taken by the villagers in the newspapers. Formerly I received only one paper for our four villages. Now that is by no means enough. The peasants have taken up a collection, and they subscribe for four metropolitan newspapers for each village."

In other parts of Russia, where the people themselves fail to show much interest in the war and other world affairs, the news is being spread by the efforts of the radical educated element. The Rusky Slovo of Moscow announces, for example, the founding of a newspaper called the Nevskiy Listok in the chief city of the Neve district, which will be distributed free among the inhabitants of the villages in that section.

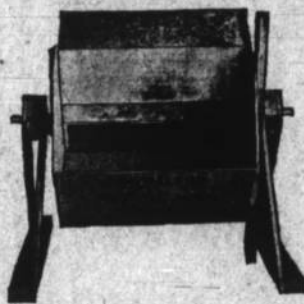
When Your Eyes Need Care

Use Marine Eye Medicine. No Stinging—Feels Fine—Acts Quickly. Try it for Red, Weak, Sore Eyes and Granular Eyelids. Marine Eye Medicine is compounded by our Oculists—not a "Patent Medicine"—but used in successful Physicians' practices for many years. Now dedicated to the Public and sold by Druggists at 50c per Bottle. Marine Eye Medicine is Asseptic, Tastes Good and Safe. Write for book of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat. Marine Eye Remedy Company, Chicago, Ill.

THAT APPOINTMENT

—You had an appointment to meet a party and and got there late.
—Rather embarrassing wasn't it?
—You need never have it happen again if you carry a G. M. Wheeler 17 jeweled adjusted
ELGIN WATCH
—I will sell you one in a Fortune gold filled case for \$25 and guarantee to get you there in time.

K. C. Jacques
YOUR JEWELLER...



BUY THE
**Nelson "E Z"
Grain Pickler**

FROM
P. A. SCOTT
Sole Agent for Canada

Ten Good Reasons Why

- (1) The best grain pickler offered for sale
- (2) One man does the work
- (3) It saves the solution
- (4) Rests on a wagon box
- (5) Thoroughly immerses the grain
- (6) Capacity 100 bushels per hour
- (7) No cranks to turn
- (8) No repairs to buy
- (9) Will last many years
- (10) Lowest in price, \$9.50 f.o.b. any station in Alberta Saskatchewan and Manitoba.

The material required to manufacture these machines is limited, and I will not be able to supply the demand so order early. Price \$9.50 until further notice.

I also sell Crows Nest and Canmore Steam Coal, Oils and Greases, Gasoline and Kerosine, Plow Shares, etc.
Lowest Prices on Application

P. A. SCOTT

Care of P. A. Scott Supply Co., Calgary, Alberta.
P. O. Drawer 460

WOOD, COAL and FLOUR

4-foot slabs, stove length fire wood, briquettes; "Mother's Favorite" and "King's Quality" flour
—At The—

TERWILLIGER ELEVATOR

NELSON E-Z WAY GRAIN PICKLER

The simplest, easy to operate and fastest on the market. Chatham Fanning Mills, all sizes. 2 carloads of Cockshutt Drills, Plows and Harrows just arrived.
"C-O-B" and "Happy Farmer" Tractors and the "Bates Steel Mill" Tractor

C. S. HALL,

Vulcan

IMPORTATION OF LIQUOR BY COM. AGENTS IS LEGAL

Firms which have been doing business importing liquor into Alberta which had been sold on order to the probable "ultimate consumer," who were shut up by the recent decision of the police magistrate, were conducting a legal business under the Alberta act, according to Friday's decision of the appellate division of the supreme court at Calgary. The People's Wine & Spirit Company, the Alberta Import Company, Mutz, Noel and others coupled in the appeal against the charge of selling liquor contrary to the Alberta act.

In the judgment handed down by Chief Justice Harvey, which is concurred in by Judges Stuart, Beck and Walsh, he summarizes the case on the fact of "selling" and in the cases under consideration the bench did not construe taking orders as a "sale" but rather as an agreement of sale, which did not come within the restrictions of the act. The firms in question were not found to have exposed or kept for sale any liquors, but they acted as agents for the prospective purchaser, who signed a document to that effect "appointing them his agents to buy and authorizing them to take by way of commission for their services the amount which the Saskatchewan company allowed as commission." An order was given in this way and the price paid and the liquor was subsequently received by the purchaser from the express company as directed in the order.

The chief justice says: "I am consequently of the opinion that the facts of this case do not constitute a sale within the meaning of section 23, and that therefore no offence as charged was committed and I would quash the conviction with the usual protection to the magistrate."

J. E. Varley instructed by H. J. Mabey, appeared for Mutz and Noel; J. B. Barron, for the People's Wine & Spirit Co., and A. L. Smith for the Alberta Import Company, W. F. W. Lent, for the Crown.

As I am leaving Pettman's hardware on March 1st, I wish to notify my friends in the country that they can get me at No. 63 for any errand or accommodation they may need as before. Tom.

WANT AD COLUMN

LOST—On the road east of town 1 gauntlet muskrat mitt. Finder will kindly return same to Dodds Livery barn, Vulcan.

GRINDING—Anyone wanting their grain ground for spring work should see me. Grinding every Friday up to April 1st. G. A. Porchet, N.W. 6-16-24, Vulcan.

Wanted to buy a ladies' driving mare, must be perfectly safe. J. H. Cook, Vulcan, Phone R 1111.

LOST—on Saturday last, in town or on the road going north, an open faced nickel case watch, with parts of a chain attached. Finder will be rewarded on returning same to D. S. Advocate office.

CREAM—I can supply you with good thick cream. Leave your orders at the Advocate Office for Saturday. Sep. Washburn.

FOR SALE—A 2-4 bed mattress, in good condition. Mrs. C. S. Hall, Vulcan.

LOST—on Monday, Feb. 13, on the road between Vulcan and Brant a number plate, No. 1688. Finder kindly return same to H. P. Journey, Advocate office.

FOR SALE—1 bay gelding, aged 10 years, wt. 1050; 1 bay gelding, aged 8 years, wt. 1200. H. J. Mabey, Vulcan.

Owners of land upon which 4 x Market stood require offers for renting 2 stores proposed to be erected thereon. H. J. Mabey, Vulcan.

If You Require a Good Pair of Shoes Cheap—Buy Now

Last Week's Prices Still Hold Good

Ladies and Misses Gun Metal Boots, in button, blucher Regular 5.00, still going at 3.75
Boys Box Calf Boots, regular 2.50, going at 2.00
" " " 3.50, " 2.75
Men's Gun Metal Bluchers, single sewn, reg. \$6 4.75
Men's Dong Kid, reg. 5.00, still going at 3.95

We have just received another large shipment of newest styles in ladies, misses and boys shoes. These shoes were bought last summer and before the prices advanced. Therefore we are in a position to give you any shoe in the store at last year's prices.

Latest Styles in Ladies' High Top Shoes, only 5.50

Vulcan Trading Co., Ltd.

W. D. ALLAN, Manager

VULCAN, Alberta.

CLOTHING

In our clothing department we have just received a large shipment direct from the manufacturer.

Men's Suits in Tweed and Worsted
Men's Pants in Tweeds and Corduroy
Men's Pants in Tweeds, Cord and Whip
Boys' Suits in Tweed and Worsted
Boys' Pants in Tweeds, all sizes

These lines were bought last year before the big advance in prices, and consequently we can supply you at a considerable saving.

E. E. MacIntosh

The Store of Good Service

WE SELL

LUMBER

Everything in the building line will be found in our yards.

Beaver Lumber Co.

LIMITED

Vulcan

1-1

Alberta

FOUND—On Saturday, February 10, opposite the N-E corner of 18-10-24, a pocketbook containing money. The owner can have same on application to Miller White, Vulcan, and paying for this advert.

ESTRAY—From the S-E 1/4, 2-17-24, west of 4th Meridian, one bay mare with light mane and tail, coming 3 years old, branded on right thigh 10,00 reward for information leading to recovery of same. W. W. Wambold, Armada.

FOR SALE—A half section, W. 35-17-23, of good wheat land for sale, 240 acres broken, 65 acres summerfallow, 90 breaking, 50 acres fall ploughing, 106 acres stubble. All fenced. Buildings comprise, house 20 x 22, barn 30 x 40, granaries for 5000 bushels of grain, implement shed 24 x 30, chicken house 12 x 26 and good well. Apply M. S. Guengerich, Vulcan.

FOR SALE—160 acres of land, the N-E 1-4 of Sec. 35-16-24, about 2 miles from Vulcan, all fenced and 80 acres broken. Price \$35 an acre. State how much you can pay down and what terms you want in first letter. Alf. C. Bach, Corner Diversay and California Aves., Chicago, Illinois.

When you are in need of help, send your orders to

J. R. ROBERTS
Employment Agency
108a Ninth Ave. West
Opp. C.P.R. Depot
Phone M5881, Calgary

Vulcan Market Report

Spring Wheat, No. 1	1.55
" No. 2	1.52
" No. 3	1.47
Rejected No. 1	1.43
" No. 2	1.40
" No. 3	1.36
Oats, No. 2 C.W.	.45
" Extra No. 1 Feed	.42
" No. 1 Feed	.40
" No. 2 Feed	.39
Barley, No. 3	.75
" No. 4	.65
Feed	.55
Flax No. 1, N. W.	2.30
" No. 2 C.W.	2.27
" No. 3 C.W.	2.00
Rye	1.00
Eggs	.40
Butter	.35
Hogs	.18
Dressed H	.15